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**Important:** This document may not represent best practices for current development. Links to downloads and other resources may no longer be valid.

**Overview**

The Open Scripting Architecture (OSA) provides a standard and extensible mechanism for interapplication communication in Mac OS X. It provides support for creating scriptable applications and for writing scripting components to implement scripting languages. Every Mac OS X system includes the AppleScript component, which implements AppleScript, the standard scripting language defined by Apple. However, developers can write scripting components for additional scripting languages. For conceptual information on the OSA, see “Open Scripting Architecture” in AppleScript Overview.

You need to use this reference if you are writing a scripting component or if your application needs to interact with scripting components to manipulate and execute scripts. The API described in this document is implemented by the OpenScripting framework, a subframework of the Carbon framework. For information about working with components, see Scripting Components in Inside Macintosh: Interapplication Communication.
Important: Do not rely on the API descriptions in Interapplication Communication—Open Scripting Architecture Reference provides the current API documentation.

The Apple Event Manager, another part of the OSA, is implemented primarily by the AE framework, a subframework of the Application Services framework, and is documented in Apple Event Manager Reference and Apple Events Programming Guide. Applications use the Apple Event Manager to send and respond to Apple events and to make their operations and data available to AppleScript scripts.

Functions by Task

Saving and Loading Script Data

**OSALoad** (page 69)
Loads script data.

**OSALoadFile** (page 73)
Loads a script from the specified file into the specified scripting component, compiling the script if the file is a text file.

**OSASave** (page 91)
Gets a handle to script data in the form of a storage descriptor record.

**OSASaveFile** (page 92)
Stores a script into the specified file.

Executing and Disposing of Scripts

To execute a script, your application must first obtain a valid script ID for a compiled script or script context. You can use either the **OSALoad** function or the optional **OSACompile** function to obtain a script ID.

**OSAExecute** (page 49)
Executes a compiled script or a script context.

**OSAScriptError** (page 77)
Gets information about errors that occur during script execution.

**OSADispose** (page 43)
Reclaims the memory occupied by script data.
Setting and Getting Script Information

**OSASetScriptInfo** (page 87)
Sets information about script data according to the value you pass in the selector parameter.

**OSAGetScriptInfo** (page 62)
Obtains information about script data according to the value you pass in the selector parameter.

Manipulating the Active Function

**OSASetActiveProc** (page 79)
Sets the active function that a scripting component calls periodically while executing a script.

**OSAGetActiveProc** (page 53)
Gets a pointer to the active function that a scripting component is currently using.

Compiling Scripts

Scripting components can provide three optional functions that get the name of a scripting component, compile a script, and update a script ID. A scripting component that supports the functions in this section has the kOSASupportsCompiling bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

**OSAScriptingComponentName** (page 78)
Gets the name of a scripting component.

**OSACompile** (page 35)
Compiles the source data for a script and obtain a script ID for a compiled script or a script context.

**OSACopyID** (page 39)
Updates script data after editing or recording and to perform undo or revert operations on script data.

Getting Source Data

**OSAGetSource** (page 66)
Decompiles the script data identified by a script ID and obtains the equivalent source data.

**OSADisplay** (page 42)
Converts a script value to text. Your application can then use its own functions to display this text to the user.
OSACopyDisplayString (page 38)
Converting a script value to an attributed Unicode text string, which your application can display to the user.

OSACopySourceString (page 40)
Decompiles the script data for the specified script and returns a copy of the equivalent source data as an attributed Unicode text string.

Coercing Script Values

Scripting components can provide support for two optional functions which coerce data in a descriptor record to a script value and coerce a script value to data in a descriptor record. A scripting component that supports the functions in this section has the kOSASupportsAECoercion bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

OSACoerceFromDesc (page 33)
Obtains the script ID for a script value that corresponds to the data in a descriptor record.

OSACoerceToDesc (page 34)
Coerces a script value to a descriptor record of a desired descriptor type.

Manipulating the Create and Send Functions

Some scripting components provide functions that allow your application to set or get pointers to the create and send functions used by the scripting component when it sends and creates Apple events during script execution. If you do not set the pointers that specify these functions, the scripting component uses the standard AECreateAppleEvent and AESend functions with default parameters. A scripting component that supports the functions described in this section has the kOSASupportsAESending bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

OSASetCreateProc (page 80)
Specifies a create function that a scripting component should use instead of the Apple Event Manager’s AECreateAppleEvent function when creating Apple events.

OSAGetCreateProc (page 54)
Gets a pointer to the create function that a scripting component is currently using to create Apple events.

OSASetSendProc (page 88)
Specifies a send function that a scripting component should use instead of the Apple Event Manager’s AESend function when sending Apple events.
OSAGetSendProc (page 65)
   Gets a pointer to the send function that a scripting component is currently using.

OSASetDefaultTarget (page 82)
   Sets the default target application for Apple events.

Recording Scripts

Script editors use these functions to allow users to control recording. Any application can use these functions to provide its own script-recording interface. A scripting component that supports the functions described in this section has the kOSASupportsRecording bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

OSAStartRecording (page 89)
   Turns on Apple event recording and records subsequent Apple events in a compiled script.

OSAStopRecording (page 90)
   Turns off Apple event recording.

Executing Scripts in One Step

You can use these functions if you know that the script data to be executed will be executed only once. A scripting component that supports the functions described in this section has the kOSASupportsConvenience bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

OSACompileExecute (page 36)
   Compiles and executes a script in a single step rather than calling OSACompile and OSAExecute.

OSADoScript (page 46)
   Compiles and executes a script and converts the resulting script value to text in a single step rather than calling OSACompile, OSAExecute, and OSADisplay.

OSADoScriptFile (page 47)
   Loads a script from the specified file, compiles the script if the file is a text file, executes the script, converts the resulting script value to text, and stores the script back into the file if the script has persistent properties and the file is not a text file.

OSALoadExecute (page 70)
   Loads and executes a script in a single step rather than calling OSAload and OSAExecute.
OSALoadExecuteFile (page 71)
   Loads a script from the specified file into the specified scripting component, compiles the script if the file is a text file, and executes the script.

Copying a Scripting Dictionary as a Scripting Definition File

OSACopyScriptingDefinition (page 39)
   Creates a copy of a scripting definition (sdef) from the specified file or bundle.

Manipulating Dialects

Scripting components that provide several dialects may provide five functions that allow you to switch between dialects dynamically and get information about currently available dialects. The codes for specific dialects are provided by the scripting component. A scripting component that supports the functions described in this section has the kOSASupportsDialects bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

OSASetCurrentDialect (page 81)
   Sets the current dialect for a scripting component.

OSAGetCurrentDialect (page 54)
   Gets the dialect code for the dialect currently being used by a scripting component.

OSAAvailableDialectCodeList (page 31)
   Obtains a descriptor list containing dialect codes for each of a scripting component's currently available dialects.

OSAGetDialectInfo (page 56)
   Gets information about a specified dialect provided by a specified scripting component.

OSAAvailableDialects (page 32)
   Obtains a descriptor list containing information about each of the currently available dialects for a scripting component.
Using Script Contexts to Handle Apple Events

The optional functions described in this section allow your application to use script contexts to handle Apple events. One way to do this is to install a general Apple event handler in your application's special handler dispatch table. The general Apple event handler provides initial handling for every Apple event received by your application. A scripting component that supports the functions described in this section has the kOSASupportsEventHandling bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

**OSASetResumeDispatchProc** (page 85)

Sets the resume dispatch function called by a scripting component during execution of an AppleScript continue statement or its equivalent.

**OSAGetResumeDispatchProc** (page 61)

Gets the resume dispatch function currently being used by a scripting component instance during execution of an AppleScript continue statement or its equivalent.

**OSAExecuteEvent** (page 50)

Handles an Apple event with the aid of a script context and obtains a script ID for the resulting script value.

**OSADoEvent** (page 44)

Handles an Apple event with the aid of a script context and obtains a reply event.

**OSAMakeContext** (page 74)

Gets a script ID for a new script context.

Initializing AppleScript

**ASInit** (page 22)

Initializes the AppleScript component.

Getting and Setting Styles for Source Data

**ASCopySourceAttributes** (page 19)

Gets the current text style attributes AppleScript uses to display script text.

**ASSetSourceAttributes** (page 25)

Sets the text style attributes used by the AppleScript component to display scripts.

**ASGetSourceStyleNames** (page 21)

Obtains a list of style names that are each formatted according to the script format styles currently used by the AppleScript component.
Getting and Setting the Default Scripting Component

The default scripting component for any instance of the generic scripting component is initially AppleScript, but you can change it if necessary.

**OSAGetDefaultScriptingComponent** (page 55)

- Gets the subtype code for the default scripting component associated with an instance of the generic scripting component.

**OSASetDefaultScriptingComponent** (page 82)

- Sets the default scripting component associated with an instance of the generic scripting component.

Using Component-Specific Routines

You can’t use the generic scripting component to call a component-specific routine. Instead, you must use an instance of the specific scripting component that supports the routine.

To facilitate the use of component-specific routines, the generic scripting component allows you to identify the scripting component that created stored script data, get an instance of a specified scripting component, and convert between generic script IDs and component-specific script IDs.

**OSAGetScriptingComponentFromStored** (page 64)

- Gets the subtype code for a scripting component that created a storage descriptor record.

**OSAGetScriptingComponent** (page 63)

- Gets the instance of a scripting component for a specified subtype.

**OSAGenericToRealID** (page 52)

- Converts a generic script ID to the corresponding component-specific script ID.

**OSARealToGenericID** (page 75)

- Converts a component-specific script ID to the corresponding generic script ID.

Manipulating Trailers for Generic Storage Descriptor Records

All scripting components must use the **OSAGetStorageType**, **OSAAddStorageType**, and **OSARemoveStorageType** functions described in this section to add, remove, and inspect the trailers appended to script data in generic storage descriptor records.

**OSAGetStorageType** (page 67)

- Retrieves the scripting component subtype from the script trailer appended to the script data in a generic storage descriptor record.
**OSAAddStorageType** (page 30)

Adds a trailer to the script data in a generic storage descriptor record.

**OSARemoveStorageType** (page 76)

Removes a trailer from the script data in a generic storage descriptor record.

## Miscellaneous

**ASGetAppTerminology** (page 20)

Deprecated. Use **OSAGetAppTerminology** (page 145) instead.

**ASGetHandler** (page 20)

Deprecated. Use **OSAGetHandler** (page 57) instead.

**ASGetProperty** (page 21)

Deprecated. Use **OSAGetProperty** (page 59) instead.

**ASSetHandler** (page 24)

Deprecated. Use **OSASetHandler** (page 83) instead.

**ASSetProperty** (page 24)

Deprecated. Use **OSASetProperty** (page 84) instead.

**OSAGetHandler** (page 57)

Gets a script ID for the specified script handler from the specified script.

**OSAGetHandlerNames** (page 58)

Gets a list of all handler names in the specified script as an AEDescList of descriptors of type typeChar.

**OSAGetProperty** (page 59)

Gets the value of a specified script property from a specified script.

**OSAGetPropertyNames** (page 60)

Gets a list of all property names from the specified script.

**OSAGetSysTerminology** (page 68)

Gets one or more scripting terminology resources from the OSA system.

**OSASetHandler** (page 83)

Sets a specified script handler in the specified script to the supplied handler.

**OSASetProperty** (page 84)

Sets the value of a script property in a specified script, creating the property if it does not already exist.
OSAGetAppTerminology (page 145) Deprecated in OS X v10.5

GETS ONE OR MORE SCRAMBLING TERMINOLOGY RESOURCES FROM THE SPECIFIED FILE. (DEPRECATED. USE OSACopyScriptingDefinition (PAGE 39) INSTEAD.)

Creating, Invoking and Disposing Universal Procedure Pointers

NewOSAActiveUPP (PAGE 29)

CREATES A NEW UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED ACTIVE FUNCTION.

NewOSACreateAppleEventUPP (PAGE 29)

CREATES A NEW UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED APPLE EVENT CREATION FUNCTION.

NewOSASendUPP (PAGE 30)

CREATES A NEW UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED SEND FUNCTION.

DisposeOSAActiveUPP (PAGE 26)

DISPOSES OF A UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED ACTIVE FUNCTION.

DisposeOSACreateAppleEventUPP (PAGE 26)

DISPOSES OF A UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED APPLE EVENT CREATE FUNCTION.

DisposeOSASendUPP (PAGE 27)

DISPOSES OF A UNIVERSAL PROCEDURE POINTER TO AN APPLICATION-DEFINED SEND FUNCTION.

InvokeOSAActiveUPP (PAGE 27)

INVOKES AN APPLICATION-DEFINED ACTIVE FUNCTION.

InvokeOSACreateAppleEventUPP (PAGE 28)

INVOKES AN APPLICATION-DEFINED APPLE EVENT CREATION FUNCTION.

InvokeOSASendUPP (PAGE 28)

INVOKES AN APPLICATION-DEFINED SEND FUNCTION.

Deprecated Functions

⚠️ Warning: Do not use the OSA debugging functions listed here. They were not intended for public use, they do not work, and they will return an error.

OSADebuggerCreateSession (PAGE 137) AVAILABLE IN OS X V10.0 THROUGH OS X V10.4

DO NOT USE.

OSADebuggerDisposeCallFrame (PAGE 137) AVAILABLE IN OS X V10.0 THROUGH OS X V10.4

DO NOT USE.
OSADebuggerDisposeSession (page 138) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetBreakpoint (page 138) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetCallFrameState (page 139) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetCurrentCallFrame (page 139) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetDefaultBreakpoint (page 140) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetPreviousCallFrame (page 140) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetSessionState (page 140) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetStatementRanges (page 141) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerGetVariable (page 141) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerSessionStep (page 142) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerSetBreakpoint (page 142) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
OSADebuggerSetVariable (page 143) Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4
   Do not use.
ASGetSourceStyles (page 143) Deprecated in OS X v10.5
   Gets the script format styles currently used by the AppleScript component to display scripts. (Deprecated.
   Use ASGetSourceStyleSheetNames (page 21) instead.)
ASSetSourceStyles (page 144) Deprecated in OS X v10.5
   Sets the script format styles used by the AppleScript component to display scripts. (Deprecated. Use
   ASSetSourceAttributes (page 25) instead.)
Functions

ASCopySourceAttributes

*Gets the current text style attributes AppleScript uses to display script text.*

OSAError ASCopySourceAttributes (  
  ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
  CFArrayRef *resultingSourceAttributes
);

**Parameters**

scriptingComponent  
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

resultingSourceAttributes  
If successful, returns a reference to an array (of type CFArray) of dictionaries (of type CFDictionary) of text style attributes; otherwise, returns nil.

The order of elements in the array corresponds to the constants defined in “Source Style Constants” (page 129), and therefore also to the names returned by ASGetSourceStyleNames (page 21). For example, the first dictionary in the array (at position kASSourceStyleUncompiledText) describes the style for uncompiled text. However, you should not rely on there being any specific number of dictionaries in the returned array—instead, count the number of items in the array before accessing any of them.

This array is a copy and the caller is responsible for releasing it, according to the rules described in Ownership Policy in *Memory Management Programming Guide for Core Foundation*.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

A text style attribute is typically something that is meaningful to a CFAttributedString, such as the one returned by OSACopyDisplayString (page 38) or OSACopySourceString (page 40). However, clients may add other attributes using ASSetSourceAttributes (page 25).

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.5 and later.

**Declared in**

AppleScript.h
**ASGetAppTerminology**

*Deprecated. Use [OSAGetAppTerminology](page 145) instead.*

OSAError ASGetAppTerminology (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    FSSpec *fileSpec,  
    short terminologID,  
    Boolean *didLaunch,  
    AEDesc *terminologyList  
);  

**Return Value**  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Version Notes**  
Provided for backward compatibility only. Use [OSAGetAppTerminology](page 145) instead.

**Availability**  
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Not available to 64-bit applications.

Declared in  
ASDebugging.h

---

**ASGetHandler**

*Deprecated. Use [OSAGetHandler](page 57) instead.*

OSAError ASGetHandler (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    const AEDesc *handlerName,  
    OSAID *resultingCompiledScriptID  
);  

**Return Value**  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Version Notes**  
Provided for backward compatibility only. Use [OSAGetHandler](page 57) instead.
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Not available to 64-bit applications.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

**ASGetProperty**

*Deprecated. Use OSGetProperty (page 59) instead.*

OSAError ASGetProperty (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    const AEDesc *variableName,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptValueID  
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Version Notes
Provided for backward compatibility only. Use OSGetProperty (page 59) instead.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Not available to 64-bit applications.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

**ASGetSourceStyleNames**

*Obtains a list of style names that are each formatted according to the script format styles currently used by the AppleScript component.*

OSAError ASGetSourceStyleNames (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    AEDescList *resultingSourceStyleNamesList  
);
Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

modeFlags
Reserved for future use. Set to kOSAModeNull.

resultingSourceStyleNames
A pointer to a list of style names (for example, “Uncompiled Text,” “Normal Text”) that are each formatted
according to the current script format styles. The order of the names corresponds to the order of the
source style constants listed in “Source Style Constants” (page 129). For example, the first name in the list
(at position kASSourceStyleUncompiledText) is formatted according to the style for uncompiled
text.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
AppleScript.h

ASInit

Initializes the AppleScript component.

OSAError ASInit (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    UInt32 minStackSize,  
    UInt32 preferredStackSize,  
    UInt32 maxStackSize,  
    UInt32 minHeapSize,  
    UInt32 preferredHeapSize,  
    UInt32 maxHeapSize  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
modeFlags
   Reserved for future use. Set to kOSAModeNull.

minStackSize
   The minimum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.

preferredStackSize
   The preferred size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.

maxStackSize
   The maximum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.

minHeapSize
   The minimum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)

preferredHeapSize
   The preferred size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)

maxHeapSize
   The maximum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
Your application should set the modeFlags parameter to kOSAModeNull. You can use the other parameters to specify memory sizes for the portion of your application's heap used by the AppleScript component for its application-specific heap and stack. If your application sets any of these parameters to 0, the AppleScript component uses the corresponding value in your application's 'scsz' resource. If that value is also set to 0, the AppleScript component uses the default values described in “Default Initialization Values” (page 107).

If your application doesn't call ASInit explicitly, the AppleScript component initializes itself using the values specified in your application's 'scsz' resource when your application first calls any scripting component routine. If any of these values are set to 0, the AppleScript component uses the corresponding default value.

If your application doesn't call ASInit explicitly and doesn't call any scripting component routines, the AppleScript component will not be initialized. For example, if your application opens and closes the AppleScript component or calls Component Manager functions such as OpenDefaultComponent or FindNextComponent but doesn't call any scripting component routines, the AppleScript component is not initialized.
When the AppleScript component is initialized, it uses your application’s high memory to create the blocks that it locks for its own use. If you expect to lock any portion of high memory for a shorter time than you expect the AppleScript component to be available, you should call ASInit explicitly.

**Version Notes**
Starting in Mac OS X version 10.5, heap size parameter values are ignored—AppleScript's heap will grow as large as needed.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
AppleScript.h

---

**ASSetHandler**

*Deprecated. Use OSASetHandler (page 83) instead.*

```c
OSAError ASSetHandler (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    const AEDesc *handlerName,  
    OSAID compiledScriptID  
);
```

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Version Notes**
Provided for backward compatibility only. Use OSASetHandler (page 83) instead.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Not available to 64-bit applications.

**Declared in**
ASDebugging.h

---

**ASSetProperty**

*Deprecated. Use OSASetProperty (page 84) instead.*
OSAError ASSetProperty (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    const AEDesc *variableName,  
    OSAID scriptValueID  
);  

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).  

Version Notes  
Provided for backward compatibility only. Use OSASetProperty (page 84) instead.  

Availability  
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.  
Not available to 64-bit applications.  

Declared in  
ASDebugging.h  

ASSetSourceAttributes  
Sets the text style attributes used by the AppleScript component to display scripts.  

OSAError ASSetSourceAttributes (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    CFArrayRef sourceAttributes  
);  

Parameters  
scriptingComponent  
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function  
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.  

sourceAttributes  
A reference to an array (of type CFArray) of dictionaries (of type CFDictionary) of text style attributes.  
You can pass a nil reference for this parameter if you want the AppleScript component to display script text using its default styles.  

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
A text style attribute is typically something that is meaningful to a CFAttributedString, such as the one returned by `OSACopyDisplayString` (page 38) or `OSACopySourceString` (page 40). However, clients may add any attributes they like. Because of this, you should generally call `ASSetSourceAttributes` with a modified copy of the result from `ASCopySourceAttributes` (page 19), not a built-from-scratch set of attributes.

The order of elements in the array should correspond to the constants defined in “Source Style Constants” (page 129), and therefore also to the names returned by `ASGetSourceStyleNames` (page 21). After calling `ASSetSourceAttributes`, you must dispose of the style element array you used to specify the text style attributes.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.5 and later.

Declared in
AppleScript.h

DisposeOSAAActiveUPP

*Disposes of a universal procedure pointer to an application-defined active function.*

```c
void DisposeOSAAActiveUPP (  
    OSAAActiveUPP userUPP  
);
```

Parameters
userUPP
The UPP to dispose of.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

DisposeOSACreateAppleEventUPP

*Disposes of a universal procedure pointer to an application-defined Apple event create function.*

```c
void DisposeOSACreateAppleEventUPP (  
```

OSACreateAppleEventUPP userUPP

Parameters
userUPP
The UPP to dispose of.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

DisposeOSASendUPP

Disposes of a universal procedure pointer to an application-defined send function.

void DisposeOSASendUPP (  
    OSASendUPP userUPP  
);

Parameters
userUPP
The UPP to dispose of.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

InvokeOSAActiveUPP

Invokes an application-defined active function.

OSErr InvokeOSAActiveUPP (  
    SRefCon refCon,  
    OSAActiveUPP userUPP  
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

InvokeOSACreateAppleEventUPP

Invokes an application-defined Apple event creation function.

OSErr InvokeOSACreateAppleEventUPP (  
    AEEventClass theAEEventClass,  
    AEEventID theAEEventID,  
    const AEAddressDesc *target,  
    short returnID,  
    SInt32 transactionID,  
    AppleEvent *result,  
    SRefCon refCon,  
    OSACreateAppleEventUPP userUPP  
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

InvokeOSASendUPP

Invokes an application-defined send function.

OSErr InvokeOSASendUPP (  
    const AppleEvent *theAppleEvent,  
    AppleEvent *reply,  
    AESendMode sendMode,  
    AESendPriority sendPriority,  
    SInt32 timeOutInTicks,  
    AEIdleUPP idleProc,  
    AEFilterUPP filterProc,  
    SRefCon refCon,  
    
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

NewOSAActiveUPP

Creates a new universal procedure pointer to an application-defined active function.

OSAActiveUPP NewOSAActiveUPP(
    OSAActiveProcPtr userRoutine
);

Parameters
userRoutine
    A pointer to the active function.

Return Value
The new UPP.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

NewOSACreateAppleEventUPP

Creates a new universal procedure pointer to an application-defined Apple event creation function.

OSACreateAppleEventUPP NewOSACreateAppleEventUPP(
    OSACreateAppleEventProcPtr userRoutine
);
Open Scripting Architecture Reference (Legacy)

Functions

Parameters
userRoutine
    A pointer to the creation function.

Return Value
The new UPP.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

NewOSASendUPP

Creates a new universal procedure pointer to an application-defined send function.

OSASendUPP NewOSASendUPP (  
    OSASendProcPtr userRoutine  
);  

Parameters
userRoutine
    A pointer to the send function.

Return Value
The new UPP.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAAddStorageType

Adds a trailer to the script data in a generic storage descriptor record.

OSErr OSAAddStorageType (  
    AEDataStorage scriptData,  
)
DescType dscType
);

Parameters
scriptData
   A handle to the script data.
dscType
   The descriptor type to be specified in the trailer added to the script data.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAAAddStorageType function attaches a trailer to a handle (consequently expanding the data to which
the handle refers) or updates an existing trailer.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAComp.h

OSAAvailableDialectCodeList

Obtains a descriptor list containing dialect codes for each of a scripting component’s currently available dialects.

OSAError OSAAvailableDialectCodeList (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   AEDesc *resultingDialectCodeList  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
resultingDialectCodeList
   A pointer to the returned descriptor list.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
Each item in the descriptor list returned by OSADiscriminableDialectCodeList is a descriptor record of
descriptor type typeInteger containing a dialect code for one of the specified scripting component’s currently
available dialects. Dialect codes are defined by individual scripting components.

You can pass any dialect code you obtain using OSADiscriminableDialectCodeList to OSADiscriminableDialectInfo
to get information about the corresponding dialect.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADiscriminableDialects

Obtains a descriptor list containing information about each of the currently available dialects for a scripting
component.

OSADiscriminableDialects (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
    AEDesc *resultingDialectInfoList
);  

Parameters  

scriptingComponent
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
    OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

resultingDialectInfoList
    A pointer to the returned descriptor list.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
Each item in the list returned by OSADiscriminableDialects is an AE record of descriptor type
typeOSAxDialectInfo. Each descriptor record in the descriptor list contains, at a minimum, four
keyword-specified descriptor records with the keywords described in “Dialect Descriptor Constants” (page 108).
Rather than calling `OSAAvailableDialects` to obtain complete dialect information for a scripting component, it is usually more convenient to call `OSAAvailableDialectCodeList` to get a list of codes for a scripting component's dialects, then call `OSAGetDialectInfo` to get information about the specific dialect you're interested in.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

### `OSACoerceFromDesc`

**Obtains the script ID for a script value that corresponds to the data in a descriptor record.**

```c
OSAError OSACoerceFromDesc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const AEDesc *scriptData,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptID  
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

- **scriptData**
  A pointer to a descriptor record containing the script data to be coerced.

- **modeFlags**
  Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify `kOSAModeNull`. If the `scriptData` parameter contains an Apple event, you can use any of the mode flags listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

- **resultingScriptValueID**
  A pointer to the resulting script ID for a script value. See the `OSAID` (page 98) data type.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

The `OSACoerceFromDesc` function coerces the descriptor record in the `scriptData` parameter to the equivalent script value and returns a script ID for that value.
If you pass `OSACoerceFromDesc` an Apple event in the `scriptIdData` parameter, it returns a script ID for the equivalent compiled script in the `resultingScriptValueID` parameter. In this case you can specify any of the `modeFlags` values used by `OSACompile` to control the way the compiled script is executed.

If you call `OSACoerceFromDesc` using an instance of the generic scripting component, the generic scripting component uses the default scripting component to perform the coercion.

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**

`OSA.h`

---

**OSACoerceToDesc**

*Coerces a script value to a descriptor record of a desired descriptor type.*

```c
OSAError OSACoerceToDesc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    AEDesc *result  
);
```

**Parameters**

**scriptingComponent**

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

**scriptId**

The script ID for the script value to coerce. See the `OSAID` (page 98) data type.

**desiredType**

The desired descriptor type of the resulting descriptor record.

**modeFlags**

Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify `kOSAModeNull`.

**result**

A pointer to the resulting descriptor record.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSACoerceToDesc function coerces the script value identified by scriptValueID to a descriptor record of the type specified by the desiredType parameter, if possible. Valid types include all the standard descriptor types, plus any special types supported by the scripting component.

If you want the descriptor type of the descriptor record returned in the result parameter to be the same as the descriptor type returned by a scripting component, use OSACoerceToDesc and specify typeWildCard as the desired type. If you want to get a script value in a form that you can display for humans to read, use OSADisplay.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code
EmbeddedAppleScripts

Declared in
OSA.h

OSACollect

Compiles the source data for a script and obtain a script ID for a compiled script or a script context.

OSAError OSACollect (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   const AEDesc *sourceData,  
   SInt32 modeFlags,  
   OSAID *previousAndResultingScriptID  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

sourceData
   A pointer to a descriptor record containing suitable source data for the specified scripting component.

modeFlags
   Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).
previousAndResultingScriptID

A pointer to the script ID for the resulting compiled script. If the value of this parameter on input is kOSANullScript, OSACompile returns a new script ID for the compiled script data. If the value of this parameter on input is an existing script ID, OSACompile updates the script ID so that it refers to the newly compiled script data. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
You can pass a descriptor record containing source data suitable for a specific scripting component (usually text) to the OSACompile function to obtain a script ID for the equivalent compiled script or script context. To compile the source data as a script context for use with OSACallScript or OSADoEvent, you must set the kOSAModeDefineIntoContext flag, and the source data should include appropriate handlers.

After you have successfully compiled the script, you can use the returned script ID to refer to the compiled script when you call OSACallScript and other scripting component routines.

If you use OSACompile with an instance of the generic scripting component and pass kOSANullScript in the previousAndResultingScriptID parameter, the generic scripting component uses the default scripting component to compile the script.

If you're recompiling a script, specify the original script ID in the previousAndResultingScriptID parameter. The generic scripting component uses the script ID to determine which scripting component it should use to compile the script.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSACompileExecute

Compiles and executes a script in a single step rather than calling OSACallScript and OSACall.

OSAError OSACompileExecute (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent, const AEInfo *sourceData, OSAID contextID, SInt32 modeFlags,
OSAID *resultingScriptValueID
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

sourceData
   A pointer to a descriptor record identifying suitable source data for the specified scripting component.

contextID
   The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant kOSANullScript in this parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags
   Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

resultingScriptValueID
   A pointer to the script ID for the script value returned.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSACompileExecute function compiles source data and executes the resulting compiled script, using the script context identified by the contextID parameter to maintain state information such as the binding of variables. After successfully executing the script, OSACompileExecute disposes of the compiled script and returns either the script ID for the resulting script value or, if execution does not result in a value, the constant kOSANullScript.

If the result code returned by OSACompileExecute is a general result code, there was some problem in arranging for the script to be run. If the result code is errOSAScriptError, an error occurred during script execution. In this case, you can obtain more detailed error information by calling OSAScriptError.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h
**OSACopyDisplayString**

Converts a script value to an attributed Unicode text string, which your application can display to the user.

OSError OSACopyDisplayString (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    CFAttributedStringRef *result  
);

**Parameters**

**scriptingComponent**
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

**scriptID**
The script ID for the script value to display. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

**modeFlags**
Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting any mode flags, specify kOSAModeNull. To make the resulting text readable by humans only, so that it can’t be recompiled, specify kOSAModeDisplayForHumans.

**result**
If successful, a reference to the script data as an attributed Unicode text string; otherwise not defined. Because the result parameter returns a copy, the caller is responsible for releasing this string object, according to the rules described in Ownership Policy in Memory Management Programming Guide for Core Foundation.

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**
The OSACopyDisplayString function is analogous to OSADisplay (page 42), except that it returns the script text as an attributed Unicode text string. An instance of CFAttributedString manages a character string and an associated set of attributes that apply to characters or ranges of characters in the string. You can call ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19) to get the current AppleScript source style attributes.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.5 and later.

**Declared in**
OSA.h
**OSACopyID**

Updates script data after editing or recording and to perform undo or revert operations on script data.

```
OSAError OSACopyID (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID fromID,  
    OSAID *toID  
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**  
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

- **fromID**  
  The script ID for script data that you want to be associated with the script ID in the toID parameter. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

- **toID**  
  A pointer to the script ID for the script data to be replaced. If the value of this parameter is kOSANullScript, the OSACopyID function returns a new script ID. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

The OSACopyID function replaces the script data identified by the script ID in the toID parameter with the script data identified by the script ID in the fromID parameter.

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**

OSA.h

---

**OSACopyScriptingDefinition**

Creates a copy of a scripting definition (sdef) from the specified file or bundle.

```
OSAError OSACopyScriptingDefinition (  
    const FSRef *ref,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
);  
```
CFDataRef *sdef
);

Parameters
ref
   A file reference to the application file or bundle from which to copy the scripting definition.
modeFlags
   Reserved for future use. Set to kOSAModeNull.
sdef
   On return, the resulting scripting definition, as XML data.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
If the target application does not have a true scripting definition (sdef) but does have an 'aete' resource or
a Cocoa script suite, this function translates the existing information to an sdef. As a result,
OSACopyScriptingDefinition works for any scriptable application.

To provide a scripting definition in your application:
1. Put the sdef file in the Resources folder of the application bundle.
2. Add an entry to your information property list (Info.plist) file:
   • key: “OSAScriptingDefinition”
   • value: “MyApplication.sdef” (the name of the sdef)

For an introduction to scripting definitions, see “Specifying Scripting Terminology” in AppleScript Overview.
See the man page for sdef(5) for details of the sdef format.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.4 and later.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

OSACopySourceString

Decompiles the script data for the specified script and returns a copy of the equivalent source data as an attributed
Unicode text string.
OSAError OSACopySourceString (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent, OSAID scriptID, SInt32 modeFlags, CFAttributedStringRef *result);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptID
The script ID for the script data to decompile. If you pass kOSANullScript in this parameter, OSACopySourceString returns a null source description (such as an empty text string). See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags
No mode information is currently supported, so you should specify kOSAModeNull for this parameter.

result
If successful, a reference to the script data as an attributed Unicode text string; otherwise not defined. Because the result parameter returns a copy, the caller is responsible for releasing this string object, according to the rules described in Ownership Policy in Memory Management Programming Guide for Core Foundation.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSACopySourceString function is analogous to OSAGetSource (page 66), except that it returns the decompiled script data as an attributed Unicode text string (a Core Foundation attributed string object). This data can be displayed to the user or compiled and executed. You can call ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19) to get the current AppleScript source style attributes.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.5 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h
OSADisplay

Converts a script value to text. Your application can then use its own functions to display this text to the user.

OSAError OSADisplay (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptValueID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    AEDesc *resultingText  
);

Parameters  
scriptingComponent  
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptValueID  
    The script ID for the script value to coerce. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

desiredType  
    The desired text descriptor type, such as typeChar, for the resulting descriptor record.

modeFlags  
    Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting any mode flags, specify kOSAModeNull. To make the resulting text readable by humans only, so that it can't be recompiled, specify kOSAModeDisplayForHumans.

resultingText  
    A pointer to the resulting descriptor record.

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion  
The OSADisplay function coerces the script value identified by scriptValueID to a descriptor record of the text type specified by the desiredType parameter, if possible. Valid types include the standard text descriptor types, plus any special types supported by the scripting component.

Unlike OSAGetSource (page 66), OSADisplay can coerce only script values and always produces a descriptor record of a text descriptor type. In addition, if you specify the mode flag kOSAModeDisplayForHumans, the resulting text cannot be recompiled.
If you want to get a script value in a form that you can display for humans to read, use OSADisplay. If you want the descriptor type of the descriptor record returned in the resultingText parameter to be the same as the descriptor type returned by a scripting component, use OSACoerceToDesc and specify typeWildCard as the desired type.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

**OSADispose**

_reclaims the memory occupied by script data._

```c
OSAError OSADispose (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID  
);
```

**Parameters**

scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptID
The script ID for the script data to be disposed of. See the [OSAID](page 98) data type.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

The OSADispose function releases the memory assigned to the script data identified by the scriptID parameter. The script ID passed to the OSADispose function is no longer valid if the function returns successfully. A scripting component can then reuse that script ID for other script data.

A call to OSADispose returns noErr if the script ID is kOSANullScript, although it does not dispose of anything.

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Related Sample Code**

EmbeddedAppleScripts
MoreOSL

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADoEvent

*Handles an Apple event with the aid of a script context and obtains a reply event.*

OSAError OSADoEvent (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent, const AppleEvent *theAppleEvent, OSAID contextID, SInt32 modeFlags, AppleEvent *reply);

**Parameters**

scriptingComponent

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

theAppleEvent

A pointer to the Apple event to be handled.

currentID

The script ID for the script context to be used to handle the Apple event. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags

Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

reply

A pointer to the reply Apple event.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

The OSADoEvent function resembles both OSADoScript and OSAExecuteEvent. However, unlike OSADoScript, the script OSADoEvent executes must be in the form of a script context, and execution is initiated by an Apple event. Unlike OSAExecuteEvent, OSADoEvent returns a reply Apple event rather than the script ID of the resulting script value.
The OSADoEvent function, like OSAExecuteEvent, attempts to use the script context specified by the contextID parameter to handle the Apple event specified by the theAppleEvent parameter. If the scripting component determines that the script context can't handle the event (for example, if a script written in an AppleScript dialect doesn't include statements that handle the event), OSADoEvent immediately returns errAEEEventNotHandled rather than errOSAScriptError. This causes the Apple Event Manager to look for an appropriate handler in the application's Apple event dispatch table or elsewhere, using standard Apple event dispatching.

If the scripting component determines that the script context can handle the event, OSADoEvent executes the script context's handler for the event and returns the resulting script ID.

The OSADoEvent function returns a reply event that contains either the resulting script value or, if an error occurred during script execution, information about the error. If the error errOSAScriptError occurs during script execution, OSADoEvent calls OSAScriptError and returns the appropriate error information in the reply. The OSADoEvent function never returns errOSAScriptError.

If the script context specifies that the Apple event should be passed to the application's standard handler for that event (for example, with an AppleScript continue statement), OSADoEvent passes the event to the resume dispatch function currently being used by the scripting component. The resume dispatch function dispatches the event directly to the application's standard handler for that event (that is, without calling OSADoEvent again). If the contextID parameter is kOSANullScript, the OSADoEvent function passes the event directly to the resume dispatch function. If the call to the resume dispatch function is successful, execution of the script context proceeds from the point at which the resume dispatch function was called.

Special Considerations
Like OSAExecuteEvent, OSADoEvent can generate the result code errAEEEventNotHandled in at least two ways. If the scripting component determines that a script context doesn't declare a handler for a particular event, OSADoEvent immediately returns errAEEEventNotHandled. If a scripting component calls its resume dispatch function during script execution and the application's standard handler for the event fails to handle it, OSADoEvent returns errAEEEventNotHandled in the reply Apple event.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code
MoreOSL

Declared in
OSA.h
OSADoS eript

Compiles and executes a script and converts the resulting script value to text in a single step rather than calling OSAC ompile, OSAExecute, and OSADisplay.

OSAError OSADoS eript (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const AEDesc *sourceData,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    AEDesc *resultingText
);

Parameters

scriptingComponent
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

sourceData
    A pointer to a descriptor record identifying suitable source data for the specified scripting component.

contextID
    The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant kOSANullScript in this parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

desiredType
    The desired text descriptor type, such as typeChar, for the resulting descriptor record.

modeFlags
    Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

resultingText
    A pointer to the resulting descriptor record.

Return Value

A result code.

If the result code returned by OSADoS eript is a general result code, there was some problem in arranging for the script to be run. If an error occurs during script execution, the error message of the error is stored in resultingText, and the function returns errOSAScriptError. You can use OSAScriptError (page 77) to obtain more information about the particular error.
For additional information on result codes, see “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
Calling the OSADoScript function is equivalent to calling OSACompile followed by OSAExecute and OSADisplay. After compiling the source data, executing the compiled script using the script context identified by the contextID parameter, and returning the text equivalent of the resulting script value in the resultingText parameter, OSADoScript disposes of both the compiled script and the resulting script value.

Special Considerations
Prior to Mac OS X version 10.5, if an error occurred during script execution, the error message of the error was not returned in resultingText.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADoScripFile

Loads a script from the specified file, compiles the script if the file is a text file, executes the script, converts the resulting script value to text, and stores the script back into the file if the script has persistent properties and the file is not a text file.

OSAError OSADoScripFile (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const FSRRef *scriptFile,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    AEDesc *resultingText
 );

Parameters

scriptingComponent

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.
**scriptFile**

Identifies the file to load the script from and to save the script back to (if the script has persistent properties and the file is not a text file). See the File Manager documentation for a description of the FSRef data type.

File format is determined by inspection. If the file is a text file, **OSADoScriptFile** uses the following steps to determine the text encoding:

- If a Unicode BOM is present, that determines the encoding—one of UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE, or UTF-8
- Otherwise, if the file is valid UTF-8, it is assumed to be UTF-8.
- Otherwise, it is assumed to be in the primary encoding.

**contextID**

The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant **kOSANullScript** in this parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the **OSAID** (page 98) data type.

**desiredType**

The desired text descriptor type, such as **typeChar**, for the resulting descriptor record.

**modeFlags**

Information for use by the scripting component. Can include any of the mode flags that would normally be sent to the **OSACompile** (page 35) (if the file is a text file), **OSADisplay** (page 42), **OSAExecute** (page 49), and **OSALoad** (page 69) functions. For descriptions of the mode flag usage of those functions, see the chapter “Scripting Components” in “Interapplication Communication” at [http://developer.apple.com/documentation/mac/IAC/IAC-2.html](http://developer.apple.com/documentation/mac/IAC/IAC-2.html).

**resultingText**

The descriptor record for the resulting script value. The **AEDesc** data type is described in Apple Event Manager Reference.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “**Result Codes**” (page 132).

**Discussion**

This routine is effectively equivalent to calling **OSALoadFile** (page 73), followed by **OSAExecute** (page 49), **OSADisplay** (page 42), and then **OSAStoreFile** (page 92) if the script has persistent properties. After execution, the compiled source and the resulting value are disposed. Only the **resultingText** descriptor is retained. If an error occurs during script execution, the error message of the error is stored in **resultingText**, and the function returns **errOSAScriptError**. You can use **OSAScriptError** (page 77) to obtain more information about the particular error.
Special Considerations
Prior to Mac OS X version 10.5, if an error occurred during script execution, the error message of the error was not returned in resultingText.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAExecute

Executes a compiled script or a script context.

OSAError OSAExecute (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID compiledScriptID,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptValueID  
);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

compiledScriptID
The script ID for the compiled script to be executed. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

contextID
The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant kOSANullScript in this parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags
Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in the description that follows.

resultingScriptValueID
A pointer to the script ID for the script value returned. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132). If the result code returned by OSAExecute is a general result code, there was some problem in arranging for the script to be run. If the result code is errOSAScriptError, an error occurred during script execution. In this case, you can obtain more detailed error information by calling OSAScriptError.

Discussion
The OSAExecute function executes the compiled script identified by the compiledScriptID parameter, using the script context identified by the contextID parameter to maintain state information, such as the binding of variables, for the compiled script. After successfully executing a script, OSAExecute returns the script ID for a resulting script value, or, if execution does not result in a value, the constant kOSANullScript. You can use the OSACoerceToDesc function to coerce the resulting script value to a descriptor record of a desired descriptor type, or the OSADisplay (page 42) function to obtain the equivalent source data for the script value. You can control the way in which the scripting component executes a script by adding any of the flags described in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAExecuteEvent

Handles an Apple event with the aid of a script context and obtains a script ID for the resulting script value.

OSAError OSAExecuteEvent (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const AppleEvent *theAppleEvent,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptValueID  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

theAppleEvent
A pointer to the Apple event to be handled.
contextID

The script ID for the script context to be used to handle the Apple event. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags

Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in "Mode Flags" (page 118).

resultingScriptValueID

A pointer to the script ID for the resulting script value.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

The OSAExecuteEvent function attempts to use the script context specified by the contextID parameter to handle the Apple event specified by the theAppleEvent parameter. If the scripting component determines that the script context can't handle the event (for example, if a script written in AppleScript doesn't include statements that handle the event), OSAExecuteEvent immediately returns errAEEventNotHandled rather than errOSAScriptError. This causes the Apple Event Manager to look for an appropriate handler in the application's Apple event dispatch table or elsewhere, using standard Apple event dispatching.

If the scripting component determines that the script context can handle the event, OSAExecuteEvent executes the script context's handler and returns the resulting script ID. If execution of the script context's handler for the event generates an error, OSAExecuteEvent returns errOSAScriptError, and you can get more detailed error information by calling the OSAScriptError function.

If the script context identified by the contextID parameter specifies that the Apple event should be passed to the application's default handler for that event (for example, with an AppleScript continue statement), OSAExecuteEvent passes the event to the resume dispatch function currently being used by the scripting component. The resume dispatch function dispatches the event directly to the application's standard handler for that event (that is, without calling OSAExecuteEvent again). If the contextID parameter is kOSANullScript, the OSAExecuteEvent function passes the event directly to the resume dispatch function. If a call to the resume dispatch function is successful, execution of the script context proceeds from the point at which the resume dispatch function was called.

Special Considerations

The OSAExecuteEvent function can generate the result code errAEEventNotHandled in at least two ways. If the scripting component determines that a script context doesn't declare a handler for a particular event, OSAExecuteEvent immediately returns errAEEventNotHandled. If a scripting component calls its resume dispatch function during script execution and the application's standard handler for the event fails to handle it, OSAExecuteEvent returns errOSAScriptError and a call to OSAScriptError with kOSAErrorNumber in the selector parameter returns errAEEventNotHandled as the resulting error description.
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code
EmbededAppleScripts

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGenericToRealID

Converts a generic script ID to the corresponding component-specific script ID.

OSAError OSAGenericToRealID (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,
    OSAID *theScriptID,
    ComponentInstance *theExactComponent
);

Parameters

genericScriptingComponent
    A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

theScriptID
    A pointer to the generic script ID that you want to convert. The OSAGenericToRealID function returns, in this parameter, the component-specific script ID that corresponds to the generic script ID that you pass in this parameter. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

theExactComponent
    On return, a pointer to the component instance that created the script ID returned in the theScriptID parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
You can’t use the generic scripting component and a generic script ID with component-specific routines. Instead, you can use the component instance and script ID returned by OSAGenericToRealID.
Given a generic script ID (that is, a script ID returned by a call to a standard component routine via the
generic scripting component), the `OSAGenericToRealID` function returns the equivalent component-specific script
ID and the component instance that created that script ID. The `OSAGenericToRealID` function modifies the
script ID in place, changing the generic script ID you pass in the `theScriptID` parameter to the corresponding
component-specific script ID.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
OSAGeneric.h

---

**OSAGetActiveProc**

*Gets a pointer to the active function that a scripting component is currently using.*

```c
OSAError OSAGetActiveProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAActiveUPP *activeProc,  
    SRefCon *refCon  
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
  `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

- **activeProc**
  
  On return, a pointer a UPP to the active function currently set for the specified scripting component.

- **refCon**
  
  On return, a pointer to the reference constant associated with the active function for the specified scripting
  component.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “*Result Codes*” (page 132).

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**

OSA.h
**OSAGetCreateProc**

*Gets a pointer to the create function that a scripting component is currently using to create Apple events.*

```c
OSAError OSAGetCreateProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSACreateAppleEventUPP *createProc,  
    SRefCon *refCon
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  - A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

- **createProc**
  - On return, a pointer to the UPP to the create function currently set for the specified scripting component.

- **refCon**
  - On return, a pointer to the reference constant associated with the create function for the specified scripting component.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**

OSA.h

---

**OSAGetCurrentDialect**

*Gets the dialect code for the dialect currently being used by a scripting component.*

```c
OSAError OSAGetCurrentDialect (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    short *resultingDialectCode
);
```
Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

resultingDialectCode
On return, a pointer to the code for the current dialect of the specified scripting component.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetDefaultScriptingComponent

Gets the subtype code for the default scripting component associated with an instance of the generic scripting component.

OSAError OSAGetDefaultScriptingComponent (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,  
    ScriptingComponentSelector *scriptingSubType  
);

Parameters
genericScriptingComponent
A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component
Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptingSubType
On return, a pointer to the subtype code for the default scripting component associated with the instance
of the generic scripting component specified in the genericScriptingComponent parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
The OSAGetDefaultScriptingComponent function returns the subtype code for the default scripting component. This is the scripting component that will be used by OSAStartRecording, OSACompile, or OSACompileExecute if no existing script ID is specified. From the user’s point of view, the default scripting component corresponds to the scripting language selected in the Script Editor application when the user first creates a new script.

Each instance of the generic scripting component has its own default scripting component, which is initially AppleScript. You can use OSASetDefaultScriptingComponent to change the default scripting component.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h

OSAGetDialectInfo

Gets information about a specified dialect provided by a specified scripting component.

OSAError OSAGetDialectInfo (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    short dialectCode,  
    OSType selector,  
    AEDesc *resultingDialectInfo  
);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
dialectCode
A code for the dialect about which you want information. You can obtain a list of a scripting component’s dialect codes by calling OSAAvailableDialectCodeList.
selector
A constant that indicates what kind of information you want OSAGetDialectInfo to return in the result parameter. This constant determines the descriptor type for the descriptor record returned. See the description in “Dialect Descriptor Constants” (page 108) for a list of the standard constants you can specify in this parameter.
resultingDialectInfo

A pointer to a descriptor record containing the requested information. The descriptor record's descriptor type corresponds to the constant specified in the selector parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
After you obtain a list of dialect codes by calling OSAAvailableDialectCodeList, you can pass any of those codes to OSAGetDialectInfo to get information about the corresponding dialect. The descriptor type of the descriptor record returned by OSAGetDialectInfo depends on the constant specified in the selector parameter. All scripting components support the “Dialect Descriptor Constants” (page 108) constants for this parameter. Individual scripting components may allow you to specify additional constants.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetHandler

Gets a script ID for the specified script handler from the specified script.

OSAError OSAGetHandler (
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
   SInt32 modeFlags,
   OSAID contextID,
   const AEDesc *handlerName,
   OSAID *resultingCompiledScriptID
);

Parameters

scriptingComponent
Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

modeFlags
Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value kOSAModeNull.

contextID
Specifies the script to get the script handler for. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.
handlerName

A descriptor record that specifies the name of the handler to get. The descriptor must be of type `typeChar`, or of a type that can be coerced to `typeChar`. The handler name is case-sensitive and must exactly match the case of the handler name as supplied by the `OSAGetHandlerNames` function or the `OSAGetSource` (page 66) function. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the `AEDesc` data type.

resultingCompiledScriptID

On return, the `OSAID` for the specified handler, or `kOSANullScript` if the handler does not exist. If the handler has no input parameters, it may be executed by calling `OSAExecute`; if it requires input parameters, you can create an Apple event that supplies the handler parameters and execute it with `OSAExecuteEvent`. You may also copy it to another script with the `OSASetHandler` function or get its source code with the `OSAGetSource` function. See the `OSAID` (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

OSAGetHandlerNames

*Gets a list of all handler names in the specified script as an `AEDescList` of descriptors of type `typeChar`.*

```c
OSAError OSAGetHandlerNames (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    AEDescList *resultingHandlerNames
);
```

Parameters

scriptingComponent

Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the `ComponentInstance` data type.

modeFlags

Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value `kOSAModeNull`. 
contextID
   See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

resultingHandlerNames
   On return, a list of all handler names, as an AEDescList of descriptors of type typeChar. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDescList data type.

Return Value
   A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
   ASDebugging.h

OSAGetProperty

Gets the value of a specified script property from a specified script.

OSAError OSAGetProperty (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   SInt32 modeFlags,  
   OSAID contextID,  
   const AEDesc *variableName,  
   OSAID *resultingScriptValueID  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

modeFlags
   Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value kOSAModeNull.

contextID
   Specifies the script to get the script property from. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.
variableName
A descriptor record that specifies the name of the property to get. The descriptor must be of type typeChar, or of a type that can be coerced to typeChar. The variable name is case-sensitive and must exactly match the case of the variable name as supplied by the OSAGetPropertyNames function or the OSAGetSource (page 66) function. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDesc data type.

resultingScriptValueID
On return, a script ID whose associated data supplies the value for the property specified by the variableName parameter. Note that the value is returned as an OSAID, not an AEDesc. To get it as an AEDesc, use the OSACoerceToDesc function; to get it as user-readable text, use OSADisplay (page 42). See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

OSAGetPropertyNames

Gets a list of all property names from the specified script.

OSAError OSAGetPropertyNames (
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
    SInt32 modeFlags,
    OSAID contextID,
    AEDescList *resultingPropertyNames
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

modeFlags
Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value kOSAModeNull.
contextID

Specifies the script to get the property names from. See the 0SAID (page 98) data type.

resultingPropertyNames

On return, a list of all property names, as an AEDescList of descriptors of type typeChar. You can extract these descriptors from the list and use them as input values to the 0SAGetProperty function or the 0SASetProperty (page 84) function. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDescList data type.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

ASDebugging.h

OSAGetResumeDispatchProc

Gets the resume dispatch function currently being used by a scripting component instance during execution of an AppleScript continue statement or its equivalent

OSAError OSAGetResumeDispatchProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
    AEEventHandlerUPP *resumeDispatchProc,
    SRefCon *refCon
);  

Parameters

scriptingComponent

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

resumeDispatchProc

On return, a pointer to a UPP to the resume dispatch function for the specified scripting component. If no resume dispatch function has been registered, OSAGetResumeDispatchProc returns kOSAUseStandardDispatch (the default).

refCon

On return, a pointer to the reference constant associated with the resume dispatch function.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetScriptInfo

Obtains information about script data according to the value you pass in the selector parameter.

OSAError OSAGetScriptInfo (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    OSType selector,  
    long *result  
);  

Parameters

scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function  
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptId
The script ID for the script data about which to obtain information. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

selector
A value that determines what kind of information OSAGetScriptInfo returns. The value can be one of  
the constants described in “Script Information Selectors” (page 127). In addition to the standard constants,  
the AppleScript component also supports the kHasOpenHandler constant. For additional information,  
see the Version Notes section below.

result
On return, a pointer to the requested information, which you can coerce to the appropriate descriptor type  
for the value specified in the selector parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Version Notes
In Mac OS X, if you specify kOSAScriptIsModified for the value of the selector parameter, OSAGetScriptInfo returns true if the script has been modified and false if it has not.

The following information describes the behavior of OSAGetScriptInfo in versions of the Mac OS prior to Mac OS X: Although you can specify kOSAScriptIsModified when you are using the AppleScript component without generating an error, the current version of AppleScript interprets this request conservatively. The AppleScript component stores script data in a network of interlocking structures, and running a script can cause any of these structures to be modified. If you pass a script ID is to OSAGetScriptInfo with kOSAScriptIsModified as the value of the selector parameter, the AppleScript component returns 1 if there is any possibility that the script data or related structures may have been modified, and 0 if there is no possibility that they have been modified.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetScriptingComponent

Gets the instance of a scripting component for a specified subtype.

OSAError OSAGetScriptingComponent (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,  
    ScriptingComponentSelector scriptingSubType,  
    ComponentInstance *scriptingInstance  
    );

Parameters

genericScriptingComponent  
A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptingSubType  
A subtype code for a scripting component.

scriptingInstance  
On return, a pointer to a component instance for the scripting component identified by the scriptingSubType parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
You can't use the generic scripting component with component-specific routines. Instead, use an instance of the specific scripting component, which you can obtain with OSAGetScriptingComponent.

The OSAGetScriptingComponent function returns, in the scriptingInstance parameter, an instance of the scripting component identified by the scriptingSubType parameter. Each instance of the generic scripting component keeps track of a single instance of each component subtype, so OSAGetScriptingComponent always returns the same instance of a specified scripting component that the generic scripting component uses for standard scripting component routines.

For example, you can use OSAGetScriptingComponent to get the subtype code for the default scripting component (that is, the scripting component used by the generic scripting component for new scripts). You can then get an instance of the default scripting component by passing its subtype code to OSAGetScriptingComponent. Finally, you can pass that instance to OSAScriptingComponentName to obtain the default scripting component's name so you can display it to the user.

Similarly, you can pass kAppleScriptSubtype in the scriptingSubType parameter to obtain an instance of the AppleScript component. This is necessary, for example, to call AppleScript-specific routines such as ASGetSourceStyles (which is deprecated in Mac OS X version 10.5 in favor of ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19)).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h

---

# OSAGetScriptingComponentFromStored

*Gets the subtype code for a scripting component that created a storage descriptor record.*

```c
OSAErr OSAGetScriptingComponentFromStored (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,  
    const AEDesc *scriptData,  
    ScriptingComponentSelector *scriptingSubType  
);
```

**Parameters**

genericScriptingComponent

A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
scriptData
A pointer to either a generic storage descriptor record or a component-specific storage descriptor record.

scriptingSubType
On return, a pointer to a subtype code identifying the scripting component that created the descriptor record specified by the scriptData parameter.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAGetScriptingComponentFromStored function returns, in the scriptingSubType parameter, the subtype code for the scripting component that created the script data specified by the scriptData parameter.

The generic scripting component automatically identifies the appropriate scripting component for you when you use it to call OSALoad. By calling OSAGetScriptingComponentFromStored, you can determine, without loading a script, which scripting component created the script data.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h

OSAGetSendProc

Gets a pointer to the send function that a scripting component is currently using.

OSAError OSAGetSendProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSASendUPP *sendProc,  
    SRefCon *refCon  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

sendProc
On return, a pointer to the UPP to the send function currently set for the specified scripting component.
refCon

On return, a pointer to the reference constant associated with the send function for the specified scripting component.

Return Value
A result code. See "Result Codes" (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetSource

Decompiles the script data identified by a script ID and obtains the equivalent source data.

OSAError OSAGetSource (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    AEDesc *resultingSourceData  
);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent  
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function  
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent  

scriptID  
The script ID for the script data to decompile. If you pass kOSANullScript in this parameter,  
OSAGetSource returns a null source description (such as an empty text string). See the OSAID (page 98)  
data type.  

desiredType  
The desired descriptor type of the resulting descriptor record, or typeBest if any type will do.  

resultingSourceData  
A pointer to the resulting descriptor record.

Return Value
A result code. See "Result Codes" (page 132).
Discussion
The OSAGetSource function decompiles the script data identified by the specified script ID and returns a descriptor record containing the equivalent source data. The source data returned need not be exactly the same as the source data originally passed to OSACompile—for example, white space and formatting might be different—but it should be a reasonable equivalent suitable for user viewing and editing.

The difference between OSACoerceToDesc and OSAGetSource is that OSAGetSource creates source data that can be displayed to a user or compiled and executed to generate an appropriate value, whereas OSACoerceToDesc actually returns the value. For example, if you call OSAGetSource and specify a string value, it returns the text surrounded by quotation marks (so that it can be properly compiled). If you call OSACoerceToDesc and specify a string value, it simply returns the text.

The main difference between OSADisplay and OSAGetSource is that OSAGetSource can coerce any form of script data using a variety of descriptor types, whereas OSADisplay can coerce only script values and always produces a descriptor record of a text descriptor type.

A scripting component that supports the OSAGetSource function has the kOSASupportsGetSource bit set in the componentFlags field of its component description record.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAGetStorageType

*Retrieves the scripting component subtype from the script trailer appended to the script data in a generic storage descriptor record.*

OSErr OSAGetStorageType ( 
    AEDataStorage scriptData, 
    DescType *dscType 
); 

Parameters

scriptData
    A handle to the script data.

dscType
    A pointer to the descriptor type specified in the script data trailer.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAGetStorageType function retrieves the scripting component subtype from the trailer. If no trailer can be found, OSAGetStorageType returns the error errOSABadStorageType.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAComp.h

OSAGetSysTerminology

Gets one or more scripting terminology resources from the OSA system.

OSAError OSAGetSysTerminology (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    short terminologyID,  
    AEDesc *terminologyList  
);  

Parameters

scriptingComponent
Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

modeFlags
Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value kOSAModeNull.

terminologyID
terminologyList
On return, one or more terminology resources from the OSA system. These include the built-in terminology for AppleScript as well as the standard suites, but not the terminology for installed scripting additions. The terminology may be returned as a single AEDesc of type typeAEUT or as a list of such descriptors. The internal format of the typeAEUT descriptor is the resource format described in AEUserTermTypes.r. See Apple Event Manager Reference Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDesc data type.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h

**OSALoad**

*Loads script data.*

OSAError OSALoad (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const AEDesc *scriptData,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptID  
);

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

- **scriptData**
  A pointer to the descriptor record containing the script data to be loaded.

- **modeFlags**
  Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting any mode flags, specify kOSAModeNull. To indicate that only the minimum script data required to run the script should be loaded, pass kOSAModePreventGetSource in this parameter.

- **resultingScriptID**
  On return, a pointer to the script ID for the compiled script. See the **OSAID** (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSALoad function loads script data and returns a script ID. The generic scripting component uses the descriptor record in the scriptData parameter to determine which scripting component should load the script. If the descriptor record is of type **typeOSAGenericStorage**, the generic scripting component uses...
the trailer at the end of the script data to identify the scripting component. If the descriptor record's type is
the subtype value for another scripting component, the generic scripting component uses the descriptor type
to identify the scripting component.

If you want the script ID returned by OSALoad to identify only the minimum script data required to run the
script and you are sure that you won't need to display the source data to the user, specify the
kOSAModePreventGetSource flag in the modeFlags parameter.

Scripting components other than the generic scripting component can load script data only if it has been
saved in a descriptor record whose descriptor type matches the scripting component's subtype.

Script data may change after it has been loaded—for example, if your application allows the user to edit a
script's source data. To test whether script data has been modified, pass its script ID to OSAGetScriptInfo.
If it has changed, you can call OSAStore again to obtain a handle to the modified script data and save it.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Related Sample Code**
EmbeddedAppleScripts
MoreOSL

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

**OSALoadExecute**

*Loads and executes a script in a single step rather than calling OSALoad and OSAExecute.*

OSAError OSALoadExecute (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
              const AEDesc *scriptData,
              OSAID contextID,
              SInt32 modeFlags,
              OSAID *resultingScriptValueID
    );

**Parameters**

*scriptingComponent*
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
scriptData
A pointer to the descriptor record identifying the script data to be loaded and executed.

contextID
The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant kOSANullScript in this parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

modeFlags
Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting mode flag values, specify kOSAModeNull. Other possible mode flags are listed in “Mode Flags” (page 118).

resultingScriptValueID
A pointer to the script ID for the script value returned. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSALoadExecute function loads script data and executes the resulting compiled script, using the script context identified by the contextID parameter to maintain state information such as the binding of variables. After successfully executing the script, OSALoadExecute disposes of the compiled script and returns either the script ID for the resulting script value or, if execution does not result in a value, the constant kOSANullScript.

You can control the way in which the scripting component executes a script by adding any of the “Mode Flags” (page 118) flags to the modeFlags parameter.

If the result code returned by OSALoadExecute is a general result code, there was some problem in arranging for the script to be run. If the result code is errOSAScriptError, an error occurred during script execution. In this case, you can obtain more detailed error information by calling OSAScriptError.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSALoadExecuteFile

Loads a script from the specified file into the specified scripting component, compiles the script if the file is a text file, and executes the script.
OSAError OSALoadExecuteFile (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const FSRef *scriptFile,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptValueID  
);  

Parameters  
scriptingComponent  
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function  
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent. See the Component Manager documentation for a  
description of the ComponentInstance data type.  

scriptFile  
Identifies the file to load the script from. See the File Manager documentation for a description of the  
FSRef data type.  

File format is determined by inspection. If the file is a text file, OSALoadExecuteFile uses the following  
steps to determine the text encoding:  
   • If a Unicode BOM is present, that determines the encoding—one of UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE, or UTF-8  
   • Otherwise, if the file is valid UTF-8, it is presumed to be UTF-8.  
   • Otherwise, it is assumed to be in the primary encoding.  

contextID  
The script ID for the context to be used during script execution. The constant kOSANullScript in this  
parameter indicates that the scripting component should use its default context. See the OSAID (page  
98) data type.  

modeFlags  
Information for use by the scripting component. Can include any of the mode flags that would normally  
be sent to the OSACompileExecute (page 36) (if the file is a text file) and OSALoadExecute (page 70)  
functions. For descriptions of the mode flag usage of those functions, see the chapter “Scripting  

resultingScriptValueID  
The script ID for the resulting script value. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.  

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
This routine is effectively equivalent to calling `OSALoadFile` (page 73) followed by `OSAExecute` (page 49). After execution, the compiled source is disposed. Only the resulting value ID is retained.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

**OSALoadFile**

*Loads a script from the specified file into the specified scripting component, compiling the script if the file is a text file.*

```c
OSAError OSALoadFile (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    const FSRef *scriptFile,  
    Boolean *storable,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID *resultingScriptID  
);
```

**Parameters**

*scriptingComponent*  
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the `ComponentInstance` data type.

*scriptFile*  
Identifies the file to load the script from. See the File Manager documentation for a description of the `FSRef` data type.

File format is determined by inspection. If the file is a text file, `OSALoadFile` uses the following steps to determine the text encoding:

- If a Unicode BOM is present, that determines the encoding—one of UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE, or UTF-8.
- Otherwise, if the file is valid UTF-8, it is presumed to be UTF-8.
- Otherwise, it is assumed to be in the primary encoding.

*storable*  
If *storable* is not `NULL`, on return it is set to indicate whether a compiled script can be stored into the script file using `OSAStoreFile` (page 92).
modeFlags

Information for use by the scripting component. Can include any of the mode flags that would normally be sent to the OSACompile (page 35) (if the file is a text file) and OSAload (page 69) functions. For descriptions of the mode flag usage of those functions, see the chapter “Scripting Components” in “Interapplication Communication” at http://developer.apple.com/documentation/mac/IAC/IAC-2.html.

resultingScriptID

The returned script ID for the compiled script. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAMakeContext

Gets a script ID for a new script context.

OSAError OSAMakeContext (
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
    const AEDesc *contextName,
    OSAID parentContext,
    OSAID *resultingContextID
);

Parameters

scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

contextName
A pointer to the name of the new context. Some scripting components may use context names for semantic purposes. If the value of this parameter is typeNull, OSAMakeContext creates an unnamed context.

parentContext
The existing context from which the new context inherits bindings. If the value of this parameter is kOSANullScript, the new context does not inherit bindings from any other context.
resultingContextID

A pointer to the script ID for the resulting script context. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

The OSAMakeContext function creates a new script context that you may pass to OSAExecute or OSAExecuteEvent. The new script context inherits the bindings of the script context specified in the parentContext parameter.

If you call OSAMakeContext using an instance of the generic scripting component, the generic scripting component uses the default scripting component to create the new script context.

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

OSA.h

OSARealToGenericID

Converts a component-specific script ID to the corresponding generic script ID.

OSAError OSARealToGenericID (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,  
    OSAID *theScriptID,  
    ComponentInstance theExactComponent  
);

Parameters

genericScriptingComponent

A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

theScriptID

A pointer to the component-specific script ID that you want to convert. You must have obtained this script ID from the scripting component instance passed in the theExactComponent parameter. The OSARealToGenericID function returns, in this parameter, the generic script ID that corresponds to the component-specific script ID that you pass in this parameter. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

theExactComponent

A scripting component instance returned by a generic scripting component routine.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSARealToGenericID function performs the reverse of the task performed by OSAGenericToRealID. Given a component-specific script ID and an exact scripting component instance (that is, the component instance that created the component-specific script ID), the OSARealToGenericID function returns the corresponding generic script ID. The OSARealToGenericID function modifies the script ID in place, changing the component-specific script ID passed in the theScriptID parameter to the corresponding generic script ID.

You'll need to do this if you have obtained a component-specific script ID using an exact scripting component instance and you want to refer to the same script in calls that use an instance of the generic scripting component. You can't use a component-specific script ID with the generic scripting component.

The script ID you pass in the theScriptID parameter must be a component-specific script ID obtained from a scripting component instance known to the generic scripting component. You can obtain such an instance by calling either OSAGetScriptingComponent or OSAGenericToRealID.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h

OSARemoveStorageType

Removes a trailer from the script data in a generic storage descriptor record

OSErr OSARemoveStorageType (  
    AEDataStorage scriptData  
);

Parameters
scriptData
    A handle to the script data.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Discussion
The `OSARemoveStorageType` function removes an existing trailer (reducing the handle's size). If no trailer can be found, then the handle is not modified, and `noErr` is returned.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAComp.h

**OSAScriptError**

*Gets information about errors that occur during script execution.*

```c
OSAError OSAScriptError (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSType selector,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    AEDesc *resultingErrorDescription  
);
```

**Parameters**

**scriptingComponent**

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

**selector**

A value that determines what `OSAScriptError` returns. The value can be one of the constants described in "OSAScriptError Selectors" (page 123).

**desiredType**

The desired descriptor type of the resulting descriptor record. The description that follows explains how this is determined by the value passed in the selector parameter.

**resultingErrorDescription**

On return, a pointer to the resulting descriptor record.

**Return Value**

A result code. See "Result Codes" (page 132).
Discussion
Whenever the OSAExecute function returns the error errOSAScriptError, you can use the OSAScriptError function to get more specific information about the error from the scripting component that encountered it. (This information remains available only until the next call to the same scripting component.) The information returned by OSAScriptError depends on the value passed in the selector parameter, which also determines the descriptor type you should specify in the desiredType parameter.

Every scripting component should support calls to OSAScriptError that pass kOSAErrorNumber, kOSAErrorMessage, or kOSAErrorPartialResult in the selector parameter.

Some scripting components may also support calls that pass other values in the selector parameter, including kOSAErrorRange, which provides start and end positions delimiting the errant expression in the source data. If the value of the selector parameter is kOSAErrorRange, the value of desiredType must be typeOSAErrorRange.

If the value of the selector parameter is kOSAErrorNumber, scripting components may return, in the resultingErrorDescription parameter, one of the general error codes described in “Result Codes” (page 132).

If you call OSAScriptError using an instance of the generic scripting component, the generic scripting component uses the same instance of a scripting component that it used for the previous call.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code
EmbeddedAppleScripts

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAScriptingComponentName

Gets the name of a scripting component.

OSAError OSAScriptingComponentName (  
  ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
  AEDesc *resultingScriptingComponentName  
);
Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

resultingScriptingComponentName
   On return, a pointer to the name of the scripting component; or, if the component is the generic scripting
   component, the name of the default scripting component.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAScriptingComponentName function returns a descriptor record that you can coerce to a text descriptor
 type such as typeChar. This can be useful if you want to display the name of the scripting language in which
 the user should write a new script.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSASetActiveProc

Sets the active function that a scripting component calls periodically while executing a script.

OSAError OSASetActiveProc (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSAActiveUPP activeProc,  
   SRefCon refCon  
);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

activeProc
   A pointer to the active function to set. If the value of this parameter is NULL, OSASetActiveProc sets
   the scripting component’s default active function.
refCon

A reference constant to be associated with the active function. This parameter can be used for many purposes; for example, it could contain a handle to data used by the active function.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

The OSASetActiveProc function allows your application to set a pointer to the active function called periodically by the scripting component during script execution. To get time periodically during script execution for its own purposes, your application can substitute its own active function for use by the scripting component. If you do not specify an active function, the scripting component uses its default active function, which allows a user to cancel script execution.

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

OSA.h

OSASetCreateProc

Specifies a create function that a scripting component should use instead of the Apple Event Manager’s AECreateAppleEvent function when creating Apple events.

OSAError OSASetCreateProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSACreateAppleEventUPP createProc,  
    SRefCon refCon
);

Parameters

scriptingComponent

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

createProc

A universal procedure pointer to the create function to set.

refCon

A reference constant.
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
To gain control over the creation and addressing of Apple events, your application can provide its own create function for use by scripting components. To set a new create function, call the OSASetCreateProc function; to get the current create function, call OSAGetCreateProc.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSASetCurrentDialect

Sets the current dialect for a scripting component.

OSAError OSASetCurrentDialect (
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
    short dialectCode
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
    OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

dialectCode
    The code for the dialect to be set.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h
OSASetDefaultScriptingComponent

Sets the default scripting component associated with an instance of the generic scripting component.

OSAErr OSASetDefaultScriptingComponent (  
    ComponentInstance genericScriptingComponent,  
    ScriptingComponentSelector scriptingSubType  
);

Parameters

genericScriptingComponent
    A component instance for the generic scripting component, created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

scriptingSubType
    The subtype code for the scripting component you want to set as the default.

Return Value

A result code. See "Result Codes" (page 132).

Discussion

The OSASetDefaultScriptingComponent function sets the default scripting component for the specified instance of the generic scripting component to the scripting component identified by the scriptingSubType parameter.

Each instance of the generic scripting component has its own default scripting component, which is initially AppleScript. You can use OSAGetDefaultScriptingComponent to get the current default scripting component for an instance of the generic scripting component.

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

OSAGeneric.h

OSASetDefaultTarget

Sets the default target application for Apple events.

OSAErr OSASetDefaultTarget (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
const AEAddressDesc *target
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent

A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

target

The address of the application that is being made the default application. If you pass a null descriptor record in this parameter, the scripting component treats the current process as the default target.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

Scripting components that support manipulation of the create and send functions also support the OSASetDefaultTarget function. The OSASetDefaultTarget function establishes the default target application for Apple event sending and the default application from which the scripting component should obtain terminology information. For example, AppleScript statements that refer to the default application do not need to be enclosed in tell/end tell statements.

If your application doesn’t call this function, or if you pass a null descriptor record in the target parameter, the scripting component treats the current process (that is, the application that calls OSAExecute or related functions) as the default target application.

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

OSA.h

OSASetHandler

Sets a specified script handler in the specified script to the supplied handler.

OSAError OSASetHandler (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    OSAID contextID,  
    const AEDesc *handlerName,  
    OSAID compiledScriptID  
);
**Parameters**

**scriptingComponent**
Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

**modeFlags**
Information for use by the scripting component. Pass the value kOSAModeDontDefine to prevent a handler from being created if it doesn't already exist. Otherwise, pass kOSAModeNull to avoid setting mode flag values (no other flags are applicable for this function).

**contextID**
Specifies the script to set the script handler for. See [OSAID](page 98) for a description of the OSAID data type.

**handlerName**
A descriptor record that specifies the handler to set. The descriptor must be of type typeChar, or of a type that can be coerced to typeChar. If the handler does not already exist, it is created, unless you pass the value kOSAModeDontDefine for the modeFlags parameter. The handler name is case-sensitive and must exactly match the case of the handler name as supplied by the OSAGetHandlerNames function or the [OSAGetSource](page 66) function. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDesc data type.

**compiledScriptID**
The OSAID value to set the handler to, normally obtained by a previous call to OSAGetHandler. Any other value will return an error value of errOSAInvalidID. Note that a script compiled by OSACreate is not itself a handler. See the [OSAID](page 98) data type.

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
ASDebugging.h

---

**OSASetProperty**

Sets the value of a script property in a specified script, creating the property if it does not already exist.

```c
OSAError OSASetProperty (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
```
OSAID contextID,
   const AEDesc *variableName,
OSAID scriptValueID

);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent

See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

modeFlags

Information for use by the scripting component. Pass the value kOSAMode DontDefine to prevent a
property from being created if it doesn't already exist in the specified script. Otherwise, pass
kOSAMode Null to avoid setting mode flag values (no other flags are applicable for this function).

c hardship

Specifies the script to set the script property for. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

variableName

A descriptor record that specifies the name of the property to set. The descriptor must be of type
typeChar, or of a type that can be coerced to typeChar. The variable name is case-sensitive and must
exactly match the case of the variable name as supplied by the OSAGetPropertyNames function or the
OSAGetSource (page 66) function. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDesc
data type.

scriptValueID

A script ID whose associated data should be used to set the value for the property specified by
variableName. Note that the value is specified by an OSAID, not an AEDesc. You can set a property to
a value returned from script execution (from the OSAExecute function), extracted from another property
(with the OSAGetProperty function), or converted from an AEDesc (by the OSACoerceFromDesc
function). See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in

ASDebugging.h

OSASetResumeDispatchProc

Sets the resume dispatch function called by a scripting component during execution of an AppleScript continue
statement or its equivalent.

OSAError OSASetResumeDispatchProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    AEEEventHandlerUPP resumeDispatchProc,  
    SRefCon refCon  
);  

Parameters  

scriptingComponent  
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function  
    OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.  

resumeDispatchProc  
    A UPP to the resume dispatch function. You can specify one of the following in this parameter:  
    - a pointer to a resume dispatch function  
    - the kOSAUseStandardDispatch constant, which causes the Apple Event Manager to dispatch  
      the event using standard Apple event dispatching (the handler registered in the application with  
      AEinInstallEventHandler is used)  
    - the kOSANoDispatch constant, which tells the Apple Event Manager that the processing of the  
      Apple event is complete and that no dispatching should occur  

refCon  
    A reference constant. You can pass the constant kOSADontUsePhac in this parameter, as described in  
    the Discussion section below.  

Return Value  
A result code. See "Result Codes" (page 132).  

Discussion  
The OSASetResumeDispatchProc function sets the resume dispatch function that the specified instance of  
a scripting component calls during execution of an AppleScript continue statement or its equivalent. The  
resume dispatch function should dispatch the event to the application's standard handler for that event.  

If you are using a general handler for preliminary processing of Apple events, and if you can rely on standard  
Apple event dispatching to dispatch the event correctly, you don't need to provide a resume dispatch function.  
Instead, you can specify kOSAUseStandardDispatch as the value of the resumeDispatchProc parameter  
and the constant kOSADontUsePhac as the value of the refCon parameter. This causes the Apple Event  
Manager to use standard Apple event dispatching except that it bypasses your application's special handler  
dispatch table and thus won't call your predispatch Apple event handler recursively. (A predispatch handler  
is called immediately before the Apple Event Manager dispatches an event.)
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

**OSASetScriptInfo**

*Sets information about script data according to the value you pass in the selector parameter.*

```c
OSAError OSASetScriptInfo (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    OSType selector,  
    long value  
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

- **scriptId**
  The script ID for the script data whose information is to be set. See the **OSAID** (page 98) data type.

- **selector**
  A value that determines which information `OSASetScriptInfo` sets.
  The value can be one of the constants described in “Script Information Selectors” (page 127). For more information, see the Version Notes section below.
  In Mac OS X, the AppleScript component does not set a value.

- **value**
  The value to set.
  In Mac OS X, the AppleScript component does not set a value.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Version Notes**

In Mac OS X, if you specify `kOSAScriptIsModified` for the value of the `selector` parameter, it is ignored, and no value is set.
The following information describes the behavior of `OSASetScriptInfo` in versions of the Mac OS prior to Mac OS X: The `OSASetScriptInfo` function sets script information according to the value you pass in the selector parameter. If you use the `kOSAScriptIsModified` constant, `OSASetScriptInfo` sets a value that indicates whether the script data has been modified since it was created or passed to `OSALoad`. Some scripting components may provide additional constants.

For related information, see the `OSAGetScriptInfo` (page 62) function.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
`OSA.h`

---

**OSASetSendProc**

Specifies a send function that a scripting component should use instead of the Apple Event Manager's `AESend` function when sending Apple events.

```c
OSAError OSASetSendProc (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSASendUPP sendProc,  
    SRefCon refCon  
);
```

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function `OpenDefaultComponent` or `OpenComponent`.

- **sendProc**
  A universal procedure pointer (UPP) to the send function to set.

- **refCon**
  A reference constant.

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**
The send function provided by your application can perform almost any action instead of or in addition to sending Apple events; for example, it can be used to facilitate concurrent script execution. To set a new send function, call the `OSASetSendProc` function; to get the current send function, call `OSAGetSendProc`. 
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAStartRecording

Turns on Apple event recording and records subsequent Apple events in a compiled script.

OSAError OSAStartRecording (  
ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
OSAID *compiledScriptToModifyID  
);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function 
OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

compiledScriptToModifyID
A pointer to the script ID for the compiled script in which to record. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAStartRecording function turns on Apple event recording. Subsequent Apple events are recorded (that is, appended to any existing statements) in the compiled script specified by the compiledScriptToModifyID parameter. If the source data for the compiled script is currently displayed in a script editor’s window, the script editor’s handler for the Recorded Text event should display each new statement in the window as it is recorded. Users should not be able to change a script that is open in a script editor window while it is being recorded into. Recording continues until a call to OSAStropRecording turns recording off.

To record into a new compiled script, pass the constant kOSANullScript in the compiledScriptToModifyID parameter. The scripting component should respond by creating a new compiled script and recording into that.

The generic scripting component uses its default scripting component to create and record into a new compiled script.
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAStopRecording

*Turns off Apple event recording.*

OSAError OSAStopRecording (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
   OSAID compiledScriptID);

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
compiledScriptID
   A script ID for the compiled script into which Apple events are being recorded. See the OSAID (page 98)
   data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The OSAStopRecording function turns off recording. If the script is not currently open in a script editor
window, the compiledScriptToModifyID parameter supplied to OSAStrartRecording is then augmented
 to contain the newly recorded statements. If the script is currently open in a script editor window, the script
data that corresponds to the compiledScriptToModifyID parameter supplied to OSAStrartRecording is
updated continuously until the client application calls OSAStropRecording.

If the compiled script identified by the script ID in the compiledScriptID parameter is not being recorded
into or recording is not currently on, OSAStopRecording returns noErr.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h
OSAStore

Gets a handle to script data in the form of a storage descriptor record.

OSAError OSAStore (  
  ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
  OSAID scriptID,  
  DescType desiredType,  
  SInt32 modeFlags,  
  AEDesc *resultingScriptData  
);

Parameters

  scriptingComponent
    A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
    OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.

  scriptID
    The script ID for the script data for which to obtain a data handle.

  desiredType
    The desired type of the descriptor record to be returned. If you want to store the script data in the form
    used by a generic storage descriptor record, specify typeOSAGenericStorage.

  modeFlags
    Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting any mode flags, specify
    kOSAModeNull. To indicate that only the minimum script data required to run the script should be
    returned, pass kOSAModePreventGetSource in this parameter. (In this case the script data returned is
    not identical to the compiled script data and can't be used to generate source data.) If the scriptID
    parameter identifies a script context, you can pass kOSAModeDontStoreParent in this parameter to
    store the script context without storing its parent context.

  resultingScriptData
    On return, a pointer to the resulting descriptor record.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

The OSAStore function writes script data to a descriptor record so that the data can later be saved in a resource
or written to the data fork of a document. You can then reload the data for the descriptor record as a compiled
script (although possibly with a different script ID) by passing the descriptor record to OSALoad.
If you want the returned script data to be as small as possible and you are sure that you won’t need to display the source data to the user, specify the kOSAModePreventGetSource flag in the modeFlags parameter. If the scriptID parameter identifies a script context and you don’t want the returned script data to include the associated parent context, specify the kOSAModeDontStoreParent flag in the modeFlags parameter.

The desired type is either typeOSAGenericStorage (for a generic storage descriptor record) or a specific scripting component subtype value (for a component-specific storage descriptor record).

To store either a generic storage descriptor record or a component-specific storage descriptor record with your application’s resources, use ‘scpt’ as the resource type. The generic scripting component subtype, the generic storage descriptor type, and the resource type for stored script data all have the same value, though they serve different purposes.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

**OSAStoreFile**

*Stores a script into the specified file.*

OSAError OSAStoreFile (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSAID scriptID,  
    DescType desiredType,  
    SInt32 modeFlags,  
    const FSRef *scriptFile
);

**Parameters**

- **scriptingComponent**  
  A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.

- **scriptId**  
  Specifies the script to store. See the OSAID (page 98) data type.
desiredType

Specifies how the script should be stored. The desired type is either typeOSAGenericStorage (for a
generic storage descriptor record) or a specific scripting component subtype value (for a
component-specific storage descriptor record).

modeFlags

Information used by individual scripting components. To avoid setting any mode flags, specify
kOSAModeNull. To indicate that only the minimum script data required to run the script should be
stored, pass kOSAModePreventGetSource in this parameter. (In this case the stored script data is not
identical to the compiled script data and can't be used to generate source data.) If the scriptID parameter
identifies a script context, you can pass kOSAModeDontStoreParent in this parameter to store the
script context without storing its parent context.

scriptFile

Identifies the file to store the script into. See the File Manager documentation for a description of the
FSRef data type.

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability

Available in OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in

OSA.h

Callbacks

Your application can provide alternative active, send, and create functions for use by scripting components
during script execution. All scripting components support routines that allow you to set and get the current
active function called periodically by the scripting component during script execution. Some scripting
components also support routines that allow you to set and get the current send and create functions used
by the scripting component when it creates and sends Apple events during script execution.

OSAAActiveProcPtr

Defines a pointer to an application-defined active function that performs periodic tasks during script compilation
such as checking for Command-period, spinning the cursor, and checking for system-level errors.

typedef OSErr (*OSAAActiveProcPtr) (n
  long refCon
 );
If you name your function MyOSAActiveProc, you would declare it like this:

```c
OSErr MyOSAActiveProc (  
    long refCon  
);
```

**Parameters**

- `refCon`: A reference constant.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

Every scripting component calls an active function periodically during script compilation and execution and provides routines that allow your application to set or get the pointer to the active function.

If you don’t set an alternative active function for a scripting component, it uses its own default active function. A scripting component’s default active function allows a user to cancel script execution by pressing Command-period and calls `WaitNextEvent` to give other processes time.

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**

`OSA.h`

---

**OSACreateAppleEventProcPtr**

* Defines a pointer to an application-defined create function that allows you to gain control over the creation and addressing of Apple events.*

```c
typedef OSErr (*OSACreateAppleEventProcPtr) (  
    AEEventClass theAEEventClass,  
    AEEventID theAEEventID,  
    const AEAddressDesc * target,  
    short returnID,  
    long transactionID,  
    AppleEvent * result,  
    long refCon  
);
```
If you name your function `MyOSACreateAppleEventProc`, you would declare it like this:

```c
OSErr MyOSACreateAppleEventProc (  
    AEEventClass theAEEventClass,  
    AEEventID theAEEventID,  
    const AEAddressDesc * target,  
    short returnID,  
    long transactionID,  
    AppleEvent * result,  
    long refCon  
);
```

**Parameters**

theAEEventClass

- The event class of the Apple event to create.

theAEEventID

- The event ID of the Apple event to create.

target

- A pointer to an address descriptor. This descriptor identifies the target (or server) application for the Apple event.

returnID

- The return ID for the created Apple event.

transactionID

- The transaction ID for this Apple event. A transaction is a series of Apple events that are sent back and forth between the client and server applications, beginning with the client's initial request for a service. All Apple events that are part of a transaction must have the same transaction ID. The constant kAnyTransactionID specifies that the Apple event is not one of a series of interdependent Apple events.

result

- A pointer to an Apple event. On successful return, this parameter should point to the new Apple event. On error, this should be a NULL descriptor.

refCon

- A reference constant.

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Discussion**

Every scripting component calls a create function whenever it creates an Apple event during script execution and provides routines that allow you to set or get the pointer to the create function.
Providing your own create function can be useful, for example, if your application needs to add its own transaction code to the event. An alternative create function takes the same parameters as the AECreateAppleEvent function plus a reference constant.

If you don’t set an alternative create function for a scripting component, it uses the standard Apple Event Manager function AECreateAppleEvent, which it calls with its own default parameters.

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

**OSASendProcPtr**

> Defines a pointer to an application-defined send function that performs almost any action instead of or in addition to sending Apple events.

```c
typedef OSErr (*OSASendProcPtr) (  
    const AppleEvent * theAppleEvent,  
    AppleEvent * reply,  
    AESendMode sendMode,  
    AESendPriority sendPriority,  
    long timeOutInTicks,  
    AEIdleUPP idleProc,  
    AEFilterUPP filterProc,  
    long refCon
);
```

If you name your function MyOSASendProc, you would declare it like this:

```c
OSErr MyOSASendProc (  
    const AppleEvent * theAppleEvent,  
    AppleEvent * reply,  
    AESendMode sendMode,  
    AESendPriority sendPriority,  
    long timeOutInTicks,  
    AEIdleUPP idleProc,  
    AEFilterUPP filterProc,  
    long refCon
);
```
Parameters
theAppleEvent
   A pointer to the Apple event.
reply
   A pointer to a reply Apple event.
sendMode
   Specifies various options for how the Apple event should be handled.
sendPriority
   A value that specifies the priority for processing the Apple event.
timeOutInTicks
   If the reply mode specified in the sendMode parameter is kAEWaitReply, or if a return receipt is requested, this parameter specifies the length of time (in ticks) that the client application is willing to wait for the reply or return receipt before timing out. If this parameter is kNoTimeOut, the Apple event never times out.
idleProc
   A universal procedure pointer to a function that handles events (such as update, operating-system, activate, and null events) received while waiting for a reply.
filterProc
   A universal procedure pointer to a function that determines which incoming Apple events should be received while the handler waits for a reply or a return receipt. This parameter may be NULL.
refCon
   A reference constant.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
Every scripting component calls a send function whenever it sends an Apple event during script execution and provides routines that allow you to set or get the pointer to the send function.

For example, before sending an Apple event, an alternative send function can modify the event or save a copy of the event. An alternative send function takes the same parameters as the AESend function plus a reference constant.

If you don’t set an alternative send function for a scripting component, it uses the standard Apple Event Manager function AESend, which it calls with its own default parameters.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in
OSA.h

Data Types

OSAID

*Used by a scripting component to keep track of script data in memory.*

```c
typedef unsigned long OSAID;
```

**Discussion**

A scripting component assigns a script ID when it creates the associated script data (that is, a compiled script, a script value, a script context, or other kinds of script data supported by a scripting component) or loads it into memory. The scripting routines that create, load, compile, and execute scripts all return script IDs, and your application must pass valid script IDs to the other routines that manipulate scripts. A script ID remains valid until a client application calls `OSADispose` to reclaim the memory used for the corresponding script data.

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

GenericID

*Represents the ID for generic scripting components.*

```c
typedef OSAID GenericID;
```

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h
OSAError

Represents an OSA result code.

typedef ComponentResult OSAError;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

ScriptingComponentSelector

typedefOSTypeScriptingComponentSelector;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSAGeneric.h

StatementRange

struct StatementRange {
    unsigned long startPos;
    unsigned long endPos;
};
typedef struct StatementRange StatementRange;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSAActiveUPP

Defines a universal procedure pointer (UPP) to an application-defined active function.
typedef OSAAccelProcPtr OSAAccelUPP;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSACreateAppleEventUPP

Defines a universal procedure pointer (UPP) to an application-defined Apple event creation function.

typedef OSACreateAppleEventProcPtr OSACreateAppleEventUPP;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSASendUPP

Defines a universal procedure pointer (UPP) to an application-defined send function.

typedef OSASendProcPtr OSASendUPP;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebugCallFrameRef

typedef OSAID OSADebugCallFrameRef;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.
Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebugSessionRef

typedef OSAID OSADebugSessionRef;

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

Constants

cClosure

enum {
    cClosure = 'clsr',
    cRawData = 'rdat',
    cStringClass = typeChar,
    cNumber = 'nmbr',
    cListElement = 'celm',
    cListOrRecord = 'lr ',
    cListOrString = 'ls ',
    cListRecordOrString = 'lrs ',
    cNumberOrString = 'ns ',
    cNumberOrDateTime = 'nd ',
    cNumberOrDateTimeOrString = 'nds ',
    cAliasOrString = 'sf ',
    cSeconds = 'scnd',
    typeSound = 'snd',
    enumBooleanValues = 'boov',
    kAETrue = typeTrue,
    kAENull = typeFalse,
    enumMiscValues = 'misc',
    kASCurrentApplication = 'cura',
    formUserPropertyID = 'usrp'
};
cCoercion

enum {
    cCoercion = 'coec',
    cCoerceUpperCase = 'txup',
    cCoerceLowerCase = 'txlo',
    cCoerceRemoveDiacriticals = 'txdc',
    cCoerceRemovePunctuation = 'txpc',
    cCoerceRemoveHyphens = 'txhy',
    cCoerceOneByteToTwoByte = 'txex',
    cCoerceRemoveWhiteSpace = 'txws',
    cCoerceSmallKana = 'txsk',
    cCoerceZenkakuHankaku = 'txze',
    cCoerceKataHiragana = 'txkh',
    cZone = 'zone',
    cMachine = 'mach',
    cAddress = 'addr',
    cRunningAddress = 'radd',
    cStorage = 'stor'
};

cHandleBreakpoint

enum {
    cHandleBreakpoint = 'brak'
};

Component Flags

*Indicate which features a scripting component supports.*

enum {
    kOSASupportsCompiling = 0x0002,
    kOSASupportsGetSource = 0x0004,
    kOSASupportsAECoercion = 0x0008,
    kOSASupportsAESending = 0x0010,
    kOSASupportsRecording = 0x0020,
    kOSASupportsConvenience = 0x0040,
    kOSASupportsDialects = 0x0080,
    kOSASupportsEventHandling = 0x0100
};
**Constants**

**kOSASupportsCompiling**
Set if the scripting component supports the functions described in “Compiling Scripts” (page 10).
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsGetSource**
Set if the scripting component supports the OSAGetSource function.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsAECoercion**
Set if the scripting component supports the OSACoerceFromDesc and OSACoerceToDesc functions.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsAESending**
Set if the scripting component supports the functions described in “Manipulating the Create and Send Functions” (page 11).
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsRecording**
Set if the scripting component supports the OSAStrartRecording (page 89) and OSAStropRecording (page 90) functions.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsConvenience**
Set if the scripting component supports the OSALoadExecute (page 70), OSACompileExecute (page 36), and OSADoScript (page 46) functions.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASupportsDialects**
Set if the scripting component supports the OSASetCurrentDialect (page 81), OSAGetCurrentDialect (page 54), OSAAvailableDialectCodeList (page 31), OSAGetDialectInfo (page 56), and OSAAvailableDialects (page 32) functions.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.
kOSASupportsEventHandling

Set if the scripting component supports the event handling functions described in “Using Script Contexts to Handle Apple Events” (page 14).

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in OSA.h.

Discussion

Your application can use the Component Manager to find a scripting component that supports a specific group of functions or to determine whether a particular scripting component supports a specific group of functions. Each of these flags identifies one of these groups of functions. To specify one or more groups of functions for the Component Manager, use these constants to set the equivalent bits in the componentFlags field of a component description record.

Declared in OSA.h

Considerations Flags

```
enum {
    kAECase = 'case',
    kAEDiacritic = 'diac',
    kAEWhiteSpace = 'whit',
    kAEHyphens = 'hyph',
    kAEExpansion = 'expa',
    kAEExpansion = 'expa',
    kAEHyphens = 'expa',
    kAEExpansion = 'expa',
    kAEHyphens = 'expa',
    kAEHyphens = 'expa',
    kAEKataHiragana = 'hika',
    kASConsiderReplies = 'rmte',
    kASNumericStrings = 'nume',
    enumConsiderations = 'cons'
};
```

Constants

kASNumericStrings

Should strings be considered as numbers?

Available in OS X v10.4 and later.

Declared in ASRegistry.h.

Version Notes

The constant kASNumericStrings is available starting with Mac OS X version 10.4.
Considerations Bit Masks

Specify settings for string comparisons.

```cpp
enum {
    kAECaseConsiderMask = 0x00000001,
    kAEDiacriticConsiderMask = 0x00000002,
    kAEWhiteSpaceConsiderMask = 0x00000004,
    kAEHyphensConsiderMask = 0x00000008,
    kAEExpansionConsiderMask = 0x00000010,
    kAEPunctuationConsiderMask = 0x00000020,
    kASConsiderRepliesConsiderMask = 0x00000040,
    kASNumericStringsConsiderMask = 0x00000080,
    kAECaseIgnoreMask = 0x00010000,
    kAEDiacriticIgnoreMask = 0x00020000,
    kAEWhiteSpaceIgnoreMask = 0x00040000,
    kAEHyphensIgnoreMask = 0x00080000,
    kAEExpansionIgnoreMask = 0x00100000,
    kAEPunctuationIgnoreMask = 0x00200000,
    kASConsiderRepliesIgnoreMask = 0x00400000,
    kASNumericStringsIgnoreMask = 0x00800000,
    enumConsidsAndIgnores = 'csig'
};
```

Constants

**kASNumericStringsConsiderMask**

If bit at this position is set, consider strings to represent numerical values for comparison. For example, compare the string “1.01” as if it were the number 1.01.

Available in OS X v10.4 and later.

Declared in ASRegistry.h.

**kASNumericStringsIgnoreMask**

If bit at this position is set, do not compare strings as numeric values.

Available in OS X v10.4 and later.

Declared in ASRegistry.h.

Discussion

AppleScript has various settings for string comparisons, such as whether to consider or ignore capitalization. When your application receives an Apple event from AppleScript, it contains an attribute with the keyword `enumConsidsAndIgnores`. You can extract the consideration bit information from that attribute as
type SInt32, then use the bit masks in this enum to determine which considering and ignoring flags are currently set. You can use that information to conduct comparisons with the same criteria currently in use by AppleScript.

**Version Notes**
The constants kASNumericStringsConsiderMask and kASNumericStringsIgnoreMask are available starting with Mac OS X version 10.4.

**Declared in**
ASRegistry.h

---

### cString

```c
enum {
    cString = cStringClass
};
```

---

## Current Dialect Constants

```c
enum {
    kOSASelectSetCurrentDialect = 0x0701,
    kOSASelectGetCurrentDialect = 0x0702,
    kOSASelectAvailableDialects = 0x0703,
    kOSASelectGetDialectInfo = 0x0704,
    kOSASelectAvailableDialectCodeList = 0x0705
};
```

**Discussion**

AppleScript is designed so that scripts can be displayed in different dialects, which are representations of AppleScript that resemble human languages or programming languages. While dialects are supported, they are not particularly useful because no currently available OSA language supports dialects other than English.

---

### Date and Time Constants

```c
enum {
    pASWeekday = 'wkdy',
    pASMonth = 'mnth',
    pASDay = 'day ',
    pASYear = 'year',
};
```
pASTime = 'time',
pASDateString = 'dstr',
pASTimeString = 'tstr',
cMonth = pASMonth,
cJanuary = 'jan ',
cFebruary = 'feb ',
cMarch = 'mar ',
cApril = 'apr ',
cMay = 'may ',
cJune = 'jun ',
cJuly = 'jul ',
cAugust = 'aug ',
cSeptember = 'sep ',
cOctober = 'oct ',
cNovember = 'nov ',
cDecember = 'dec ');

**Default Initialization Values**

*Initialization constants passed to ASInit function.*

```plaintext
enum {
    kASDefaultMinStackSize = 4 * 1024,
    kASDefaultPreferredStackSize = 16 * 1024,
    kASDefaultMaxStackSize = 16 * 1024,
    kASDefaultMinHeapSize = 4 * 1024,
    kASDefaultPreferredHeapSize = 16 * 1024,
    kASDefaultMaxHeapSize = 32L * 1024 * 1024
};;

**Constants**

**kASDefaultMinStackSize**

Represents the default value for the minimum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.

*Available in OS X v10.0 and later.*

*Declared in AppleScript.h.*

**kASDefaultPreferredStackSize**

Represents the default value for the preferred size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.

*Available in OS X v10.0 and later.*

*Declared in AppleScript.h.*
kASDefaultMaxStackSize
Represents the default value for the maximum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific stack.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASDefaultMinHeapSize
Represents the default value for the minimum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASDefaultPreferredHeapSize
Represents the default value for the preferred size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASDefaultMaxHeapSize
Represents the default value for the maximum size for the portion of the application's heap used by the AppleScript component's application-specific heap. (See Version Notes section.)
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

Discussion
You can pass these constants to the ASInit (page 22) function to use the default values when initializing the AppleScript component. These values are also used if ASInit is not called explicitly, or if any of ASInit's parameters are zero.

Version Notes
Starting in Mac OS X version 10.5, heap size parameter values are ignored—AppleScript's heap will grow as large as needed.

Declared in
AppleScript.h

Dialect Descriptor Constants

Define the descriptor type and keywords for descriptor records describing the dialects supported by a scripting component.
enum {
    typeOSADialectInfo = 'difo',
    keyOSADialectName = 'dnam',
    keyOSADialectCode = 'dcod',
    keyOSADialectLangCode = 'dldc',
    keyOSADialectScriptCode = 'dscd'
};

Constants

typeOSADialectInfo
    The descriptor type for each item in list returned by OSAAvailableDialects.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h.

keyOSADialectName
    Used with a descriptor record of any text type, such as type typeChar.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h.

keyOSADialectCode
    Used with a descriptor record of type typeShortInteger.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h.

keyOSADialectLangCode
    Used with a descriptor record of type typeShortInteger.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h.

keyOSADialectScriptCode
    Used with a descriptor record of type typeShortInteger.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h.

Discussion
These constants define the descriptor type for each item in the list returned by OSAAvailableDialects and the keywords for descriptor records of that type. The keyword constants can also be used in the selector parameter of OSAGetDialectInfo to obtain information about the dialects supported by a scripting component.
Generic Scripting Component Selectors

```c
enum {
    kGSSSelectGetDefaultScriptingComponent = 0x1001,
    kGSSSelectSetDefaultScriptingComponent = 0x1002,
    kGSSSelectGetScriptingComponent = 0x1003,
    kGSSSelectGetScriptingComponentFromStored = 0x1004,
    kGSSSelectGenericToRealID = 0x1005,
    kGSSSelectRealToGenericID = 0x1006,
    kGSSSelectOutOfRange = 0x1007
};
```

Global Properties

```c
enum {
    pASit = 'it ',
    pASMe = 'me ',
    pASResult = 'rslt',
    pASSpace = 'spac',
    pASReturn = 'ret ',
    pASTab = 'tab ',
    pASPi = 'pi ',
    pASParent = 'pare',
    kASInitializeEventCode = 'init',
    pASPrintLength = 'prln',
    pASPrintDepth = 'prdp',
    pASTopLevelScript = 'ascr'
};
```

kASAAdd

```c
enum {
    kASAdd = '+ ',
    kASSubtract = '- ',
    kASMultiply = '* ',
    kASDivide = '/ ',
    kASQuotient = 'div ',
    kASRemainder = 'mod ',
    kASPower = '^ ',
    kASEqual = kAEEquals,
    kASNotEqual = ' ',
    kASGreaterThan = kAEGreaterThan,
    kASGreaterThanOrEqual = kAEGreaterThanEquals,
};
```
kASLessThan = kAELessThan,
kASLessThanOrEqual = kAELessThanEquals,
kASComesBefore = 'cbfr',
kASComesAfter = 'cafr',
kASConcatenate = 'ccat',
kASStartsWith = kAEStartsWith,
kASEndsWith = kAEndsWith,
kASContains = kAContains
}

kASAnd

enum {
    kASAnd = kAEAND,
    kASOr = kAEOR,
    kASNot = kAENOT,
    kASNegate = 'neg ',
    keyASArg = 'arg '
}

kASErrorEventCode

enum {
    kASErrorEventCode = 'err ',
    kOSAErrorArgs = 'erra',
    keyAEErrobject = 'erob',
    pLength = 'leng',
    pReverse = 'rvse',
    pRest = 'rest',
    pInherits = 'c@#^',
    pProperties = 'pALL',
    keyASUserRecordFields = 'usrf',
    typeUserRecordFields = typeAEList
}

kASStartLogEvent

enum {
    kASStartLogEvent = 'log1',
    kASStopLogEvent = 'log0',
    kASCommentEvent = 'cmnt'
}
kDialectBundleResType

enum {
    kDialectBundleResType = 'Dbdl',
    cConstant = typeEnumerated,
    cClassIdentifier = pClass,
    cObjectBeingExamined = typeObjectBeingExamined,
    cList = typeAEList,
    cSmallReal = typeSMFloat,
    cReal = typeFloat,
    cRecord = typeAERecord,
    cReference = cObjectSpecifier,
    cUndefined = 'undef',
    cMissingValue = 'msng',
    cSymbol = 'symb',
    cLinkedList = 'llst',
    cVector = 'vect',
    cEventIdentifier = 'evnt',
    cKeyIdentifier = 'kyid',
    cUserIdentifier = 'uid',
    cPreposition = 'prep',
    cKeyForm = enumKeyForm,
    cScript = 'scpt',
    cHandler = 'hand',
    cProcedure = 'proc'
};

keyAETarget

enum {
    keyAETarget = 'targ',
    keySubjectAttr = 'subj',
    keyASReturning = 'Krtn',
    kASAppleScriptSuite = 'ascr',
    kASScriptEditorSuite = 'ToyS',
    kASTypeNamesSuite = 'tpnm',
    typeAETE = 'aete',
    typeAEUT = 'aeut',
    kGetAETE = 'gdte',
    kGetAEUT = 'gdut',
    kUpdateAEUT = 'udut',
    kUpdateAETE = 'udte',
    kCleanUpAEUT = 'cdu',
    kASComment = 'cmnt',
    kASLaunchEvent = 'noop',
}
keyScszResource = 'scsz',
typeScszResource = 'scsz',
kASSubroutineEvent = 'psbr',
keyASSubroutineName = 'snam',
kASPrepositionalSubroutine = 'psbr',
keyASPositionalArgs = 'parg'
};

keyAppHandledCoercion

enum {
    keyAppHandledCoercion = 'idas'
};

keyASPrepositionAt

enum {
    keyASPrepositionAt = 'at ',
    keyASPrepositionIn = 'in ',
    keyASPrepositionFrom = 'from',
    keyASPrepositionFor = 'for ',
    keyASPrepositionTo = 'to ',
    keyASPrepositionThru = 'thru',
    keyASPrepositionThrough = 'thgh',
    keyASPrepositionBy = 'by ',
    keyASPrepositionOn = 'on ',
    keyASPrepositionInto = 'into',
    keyASPrepositionOnto = 'onto',
    keyASPrepositionBetween = 'btwn',
    keyASPrepositionAgainst = 'agst',
    keyASPrepositionOutOf = 'outo',
    keyASPrepositionInsteadOf = 'isto',
    keyASPrepositionAsideFrom = 'asdf',
    keyASPrepositionAround = 'arnd',
    keyASPrepositionBeside = 'bsid',
    keyASPrepositionBeneath = 'bnth',
    keyASPrepositionUnder = 'undr'
};

keyASPrepositionOver

enum {
   
keyASPrepositionOver = 'over',
keyASPrepositionAbove = 'abve',
keyASPrepositionBelow = 'belw',
keyASPrepositionApartFrom = 'aprt',
keyASPrepositionGiven = 'givn',
keyASPrepositionWith = 'with',
keyASPrepositionWithout = 'wout',
keyASPrepositionAbout = 'abou',
keyASPrepositionSince = 'snce',
keyASPrepositionUntil = 'till'
};

keyOSASourceEnd

Specifies the end of an error range.

enum {
    keyOSASourceEnd = 'srce'
};

Constants
keyOSASourceEnd
    Field of a typeOSA_ErrorRange record of typeShortInteger. This field specifies the end of the error range.
    Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
    Declared in OSA.h

Declared in
OSA.h

keyOSASourceStart

Specifies the start of an error range.

enum {
    keyOSASourceStart = 'srsc'
};
Constants
keyOSASourceStart

Field of a type OSAErrorRange record of typeShortInteger. This field specifies the start of the error range.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

Declared in
OSA.h

keyProcedureName

enum {
    keyProcedureName = 'dfnm',
    keyStatementRange = 'dfsr',
    keyLocalsNames = 'dfln',
    keyGlobalsNames = 'dfgn',
    keyParamsNames = 'dfpn'
};

keyProgramState

enum {
    keyProgramState = 'dsps'
};

kGenericComponentVersion

Specifies the generic component version.

enum {
    kGenericComponentVersion = 0x0100
};

Constants
kGenericComponentVersion

Indicates the component version this header file describes.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSAGeneric.h.
Declarered in
OSAGeneric.h

**kOSACompotentType**

*Defines the Component Manager type code for components that support the standard scripting component routines.*

```c
enum {
    kOSACompotentType = 'osa '  
};
```

**Constants**

**kOSACompotentType**

- Specifies the standard OSA component type.
- Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
- Declared in OSA.h.

Declarered in
OSA.h

**kOSAGenericScriptingComponentSubtype**

*Defines the subtype code for the generic scripting component.*

```c
enum {
    kOSAGenericScriptingComponentSubtype = 'scpt'
};
```

**kOSAModeDontDefine**

```c
enum {
    kOSAModeDontDefine = 0x0001
};
```
Constants

kOSAModeDontDefine

This mode flag can be passed to OSASetProperty (page 84) or OSASetHandler (page 83) and will prevent properties or handlers from being defined in a context that doesn't already have bindings for them. An error is returned if a current binding doesn't already exist.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in ASDebugging.h.

kOSANullScript

Defines a null script ID.

```c
enum {
    kOSANullScript = 0
};
```

Discussion

If the execution of a script does not result in a value, OSAExecute returns the constant kOSANullScript as the script ID. If a client application passes kOSANullScript to the OSAGetSource function instead of a valid script ID, the scripting component should display a null source description (possibly an empty text string). If a client application passes kOSANullScript to OSAStartRecording, the scripting component creates a new compiled script for editing or recording.

kOSARecordedText

Defines the event code for the Recorded Text event.

```c
enum {
    kOSARecordedText = 'recd'
};
```

kOSAScriptResourceType

Defines the resource type for stored script data.

```c
enum {
    kOSAScriptResourceType = kOSAGenericScriptingComponentSubtype
};
```
**Constants**

kOSAScriptResourceType

- Resource type for scripts.
- Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
- Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASSelectComponentSpecificStart**

```c
enum {
    kOSASSelectComponentSpecificStart = 0x1001
};
```

**Constants**

kOSASSelectComponentSpecificStart

- Scripting component specific selectors are added beginning with this value.
- Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
- Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSASSelectCopyScript**

```c
enum {
    kOSASSelectCopyScript = 0x0105
};
```

**kOSASuite**

*Defines the suite for the Recorded Text event.*

```c
enum {
    kOSASuite = 'ascr'
};
```

**Mode Flags**

*Specify information used by the scripting component.*
enum {  
  kOSAModePreventGetSource = 0x00000001  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeNeverInteract = kAENeverInteract,  
  kOSAModeCanInteract = kAECanInteract,  
  kOSAModeAlwaysInteract = kAEAlwaysInteract,  
  kOSAModeDontReconnect = kAEDontReconnect  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeCantSwitchLayer = 0x00000040  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeDoRecord = 0x00001000  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeCompileIntoContext = 0x00000002  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeAugmentContext = 0x00000004  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeDisplayForHumans = 0x00000008  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeDontStoreParent = 0x00010000  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeDispatchToDirectObject = 0x00020000  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeDontGetDataForArguments = 0x00040000  
};
enum {  
  kOSAModeFullyQualifyDescriptors = 0x00080000  
};

Constants

kOSAModePreventGetSource

This mode flag may be passed to OSALoad (page 69), OSAStore (page 91), or OSACompile (page 35) to instruct the scripting component to not retain the “source” of an expression. This will cause a call to OSAGetSource (page 66) to return the error errOSASourceNotAvailable if used. However, some scripting components may not retain the source anyway. This is mainly used when either space efficiency is desired, or a script is to be "locked" so that its implementation may not be viewed.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in OSA.h.
kOSAModeNeverInteract
This mode flag may be passed to the functions **OSACompile** (page 35), **OSAExecute** (page 49), **OSALoadExecute** (page 70), **OSACompileExecute** (page 36), **OSADoScriptFile** (page 47), **OSAExecuteEvent** (page 50), and **OSADoEvent** (page 44) to indicate whether or not the script may interact with the user if necessary. Adds kAENeverInteract to the sendMode parameter of AESend for events sent when the script is executed.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeCanInteract
This mode flag may be passed to the functions **OSACompile** (page 35), **OSAExecute** (page 49), **OSALoadExecute** (page 70), **OSACompileExecute** (page 36), **OSADoScriptFile** (page 47), **OSAExecuteEvent** (page 50), and **OSADoEvent** (page 44) to indicate whether or not the script may interact with the user. Adds kAECanInteract to the sendMode parameter of AESend for events sent when the script is executed.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeAlwaysInteract
This mode flag may be passed to the functions **OSACompile** (page 35), **OSAExecute** (page 49), **OSALoadExecute** (page 70), **OSACompileExecute** (page 36), **OSADoScriptFile** (page 47), **OSAExecuteEvent** (page 50), and **OSADoEvent** (page 44) to indicate whether or not the script may interact with the user. Adds kAELoCanInteract to the sendMode parameter of AESend for events sent when the script is executed.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeDontReconnect
This mode flag may be passed to the functions **OSACompile** (page 35), **OSAExecute** (page 49), **OSALoadExecute** (page 70), **OSACompileExecute** (page 36), **OSADoScriptFile** (page 47), **OSAExecuteEvent** (page 50), and **OSADoEvent** (page 44) to indicate whether or not the script may reconnect if necessary. Adds kAEAlwaysInteract to the sendMode parameter of AESend for events sent when the script is executed.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.
kOSAModeAugmentContext
This mode flag may be passed to the functions OSCompile (page 35), OSAExecute (page 49), OSACompileExecute (page 36), OSAExecuteEvent (page 50), and OSAEvent (page 44) to indicate whether Apple events should be sent with the kAECanSwitchLayer mode flag sent. This flag is exactly the opposite of the Apple event flag kAECanSwitchLayer. This is to provide a more convenient default, such as not supplying any mode (see kOSANullMode in the “Null Mode Flags” (page 122)) means to send events with kAECanSwitchLayer. Supplying the kOSAModeAugmentContext mode flag will cause AESend to be called without kAECanSwitchLayer.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeDoRecord
This mode flag may be passed to the functions OSCompile (page 35), OSAExecute (page 49), OSACompileExecute (page 36), OSAExecuteEvent (page 50), and OSAEvent (page 44) to indicate whether Apple events should be sent with the kAEDontRecord mode flag. This flag is exactly the opposite the Apple event flag kAEDontRecord. This is to provide a more convenient default, such as not supplying any mode (see kOSANullMode in the “Null Mode Flags” (page 122)) means to send events with kAEDontRecord. Supplying the kOSAModeDoRecord mode flag will cause AESend to be called without kAEDontRecord.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeCompileIntoContext
This is a mode flag for OSCompile (page 35) that indicates that a context should be created as the result of compilation. All handler definitions are inserted into the new context, and variables are initialized by evaluating their initial values in a null context (for example, they must be constant expressions).
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeAugmentContext
This is a mode flag for OSCompile (page 35) that indicates that the previous script ID (input to OSCompile) should be augmented with any new definitions in the sourceData parameter rather than replaced with a new script. This means that the previous script ID must designate a context. The presence of this flag causes the kOSAModeCompileIntoContext flag to be implicitly used, causing any new definitions to be initialized in a null context.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.
kOSAModeDisplayForHumans

This mode flag may be passed to `OSADisplay` (page 42) or `OSADoScriptFile` (page 47) to indicate that output only need be human-readable, not re-compilable by `OSACompile` (page 35). If used, output may be arbitrarily "beautified", for example, quotes may be left off of string values, and long lists may have ellipses.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeDontStoreParent

This mode flag may be passed to `OSAStore` (page 91) in the case where the scriptID parameter is a context. This causes the context to be saved, but not the context's parent context. When the stored context is loaded back in, the parent will be kOSANullMode (see the "Null Mode Flags" (page 122)).

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeDispatchToDirectObject

This mode flag may be passed to `OSAExecuteEvent` (page 50) to cause the event to be dispatched to the direct object of the event. The direct object (or subject attribute if the direct object is a non-object specifier) will be resolved, and the resulting script object will be the recipient of the message. The context argument to `OSAExecuteEvent` will serve as the root of the lookup/resolution process.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeDontGetDataForArguments

This mode flag may be passed to `OSAExecuteEvent` (page 50) to indicate that components do not have to get the data of object specifier arguments.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAModeFullyQualifyDescriptors

This mode flag may be passed to `OSACoerceToDesc` (page 34) to indicate that the resulting descriptor should be fully qualified (i.e. should include the root application reference).

Available in OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

---

**Null Mode Flags**

*Indicate a function's default mode settings are to be used.*

```plaintext
enum {
    kOSANullMode = 0,
```

kOSAModeNull = 0
};

**OSADebugStepKind**

typedef UInt32 OSADebugStepKind;
enum {
    eStepOver = 0,
    eStepIn = 1,
    eStepOut = 2,
    eRun = 3
};

**OSAProgramState**

typedef UInt32 OSAProgramState;
enum {
    eNotStarted = 0,
    eRunnable = 1,
    eRunning = 2,
    eStopped = 3,
    eTerminated = 4
};

**OSAScriptError Selectors**

*Define selectors used to retrieve information about script errors from the OSAScriptError function.*

enum {
    kOSAErrorNumber = keyErrorNumber
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorMessage = keyErrorString
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorBriefMessage = 'errb'
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorApp = 'erap'
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorPartialResult = 'ptlr'
}
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorOffendingObject = 'erob'
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorExpectedType = 'errt'
};
enum {
    kOSAErrorRange = 'erng'
};

**Constants**

**kOSAErrorNumber**

This selector is used to determine the error number of a script error. These error numbers may be either system error numbers, or error numbers that are scripting component specific. The value of `desiredType` must be `typeShortInteger`.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSAErrorMessage**

This selector is used to determine the full error message associated with the error number. It should include the name of the application which caused the error, as well as the specific error that occurred. This selector is sufficient for simple error reporting (but see `kOSAErrorBriefMessage`). The value of `desiredType` must be `typeChar` or another text descriptor type.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSAErrorBriefMessage**

This selector is used to determine a brief error message associated with the error number. This message should not mention the name of the application which caused the error, any partial results or offending object (see `kOSAErrorApp`, `kOSAErrorPartialResult`, and `kOSAErrorOffendingObject`). The value of `desiredType` must be `typeChar` or another text descriptor type.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

**kOSAErrorApp**

This selector is used to determine which application actually got the error (if it was the result of an AESend). The value of `desiredType` must be `typeProcessSerialNumber` (for the PSN) or a text descriptor type such as `typeChar` (for the name).

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.
kOSAErrorPartialResult
This selector is used to determine any partial result returned by an operation. If an AESend call failed, but a partial result was returned, then the partial result may be returned as an AEDesc. The value of desiredType must be typeBest (for the best type) or typeWildCard (for the default type).
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAErrorOffendingObject
This selector is used to determine any object which caused the error that may have been indicated by an application. The result is an AEDesc. The value of desiredType must be typeObjectSpecifier, typeBest, or typeWildCard. For some scripting components, including AppleScript, these three values are equivalent.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAErrorRange
This selector is used to determine the source text range (start and end positions) of where the error occurred. The value of desiredType must be typeOSAErrorRange.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAErrorExpectedType
This selector is used to determine the type expected by a coercion operation if a type error occurred.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

Recording Constants

```
enum {
    kOSASelectStartRecording = 0x0501,
    kOSASelectStopRecording = 0x0502
};
```

Resume Dispatch Function Constants

Define constants used with the OSASetResumeDispatchProc function.

```
enum {
    kOSAUseStandardDispatch = kAEUseStandardDispatch
};
```
enum {
    kOSANoDispatch = kAENoDispatch
};

enum {
    kOSADontUsePhac = 0x0001
};

**Constants**

**kOSAUseStandardDispatch**

Used in the `resumeDispatchProc` parameter of `OSASetResumeDispatchProc` (page 85) and `OSAGetResumeDispatchProc` (page 61) to indicate that the event is dispatched using standard Apple event dispatching (the handler registered in the application with `AEInstallEventHandler` should be used).

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in `OSA.h`.

**kOSANoDispatch**

Used in the `resumeDispatchProc` parameter of `OSASetResumeDispatchProc` (page 85) to tell the Apple Event Manager that the processing of the Apple event is complete and that no dispatching should occur.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in `OSA.h`.

**kOSADontUsePhac**

Used in the `refCon` parameter of `OSASetResumeDispatchProc` (page 85) to dispatch the event using standard Apple event dispatching, except that the predispatch handler should not be called. Used only in conjunction with `kOSAUseStandardDispatch`. This is useful when the predispatch handler is used to lookup a context associated with an event's direct parameter and call `OSAExecuteEvent` (page 50) or `OSADoEvent` (page 44). Failure to bypass the predispatch handler when resuming an event in this case would result in an infinite loop. (A predispatch handler is called immediately before the Apple Event Manager dispatches an event.)

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in `OSA.h`.

**Script Document File Type**

*Defines the file type of script document files.*
enum {
    kOSAFileType = 'osas'
};

**Script Information Selectors**

*Specify which script information is set or returned.*

```c
enum {
    kOSAScriptIsModified = 'modi'
};
enum {
    kOSAScriptIsTypeCompiledScript = 'cscr'
};
enum {
    kOSAScriptIsTypeScriptValue = 'valu'
};
enum {
    kOSAScriptIsTypeScriptContext = 'cntx'
};
enum {
    kOSAScriptBestType = 'best'
};
enum {
    kOSACanGetSource = 'gsrc'
};
enum {
    kASHasOpenHandler = 'hsod'
};
```

**Constants**

**kOSAScriptIsModified**

This selector is used to determine whether there have been any changes since the script data was loaded or created. In Mac OS X, the AppleScript component returns a value of *false* if no changes have been made, and a value of *true* if changes may have been made. For more information, see the Version Notes section for the `OSAGetScriptInfo` (page 62) function.

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in `OSA.h`. 
kOSAScriptIsTypeCompiledScript
   This selector is used to determine whether or not the script data is a compiled script. The selector returns a boolean.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAScriptIsTypeScriptValue
   This selector is used to determine whether or not the script data is a script value. The selector returns a boolean.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAScriptIsTypeScriptContext
   This selector is used to determine whether or not the script data is a script context. The selector returns a boolean.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in OSA.h.

kOSAScriptBestType
   A descriptor type that you can pass to OSACoerceToDesc.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in OSA.h.

kOSACanGetSource
   This selector is used to determine whether a script has source associated with it that when given to OSAGetSource, the call will not fail. The selector returns a boolean.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in OSA.h.

kASHasOpenHandler
   This selector is used to query a context as to whether it contains a handler for the kAEOpenDocuments event. This allows "applets" to be distinguished from "droplets." OSAGetScriptInfo (page 62) returns false if there is no kAEOpenDocuments handler, and returns the error value errOSAInvalidAccess if the input is not a context.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in AppleScript.h.

**Source Constants**

```c
enum {
```
kOSASelectGetSource = 0x0201
};

**Source Style Constants**

*Identify script format styles used by the AppleScript component to display scripts.*

```cpp
enum {
    kASSourceStyleUncompiledText = 0,
    kASSourceStyleNormalText = 1,
    kASSourceStyleLanguageKeyword = 2,
    kASSourceStyleApplicationKeyword = 3,
    kASSourceStyleComment = 4,
    kASSourceStyleLiteral = 5,
    kASSourceStyleUserSymbol = 6,
    kASSourceStyleObjectSpecifier = 7,
    kASNumberOfSourceStyles = 8
};
```

**Constants**

- **kASSourceStyleUncompiledText**
  - Script format style for uncompiled text.
  - Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
  - *Declared* in AppleScript.h.

- **kASSourceStyleNormalText**
  - Script format style for normal text.
  - Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
  - *Declared* in AppleScript.h.

- **kASSourceStyleLanguageKeyword**
  - Script format style for keywords of the AppleScript Language.
  - Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
  - *Declared* in AppleScript.h.

- **kASSourceStyleApplicationKeyword**
  - Script format style for keywords of a scriptable application.
  - Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
  - *Declared* in AppleScript.h.

- **kASSourceStyleComment**
  - Script format style for comment text.
  - Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
  - *Declared* in AppleScript.h.
kASSourceStyleLiteral
   Script format style for literal text.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASSourceStyleUserSymbol
   A user-defined symbol, such as a variable or custom handler name.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASSourceStyleObjectSpecifier
   Deprecated.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in AppleScript.h.

kASNNumberOfSourceStyles
   Deprecated. (The number of different format styles available.)
   See the Discussion section for why you should not use this constant.
   Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
   Declared in AppleScript.h.

Discussion
These constants are used to access specific styles in the style information used by the
ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19), ASSetSourceAttributes (page 25), and ASGetSourceStyleNames (page
21) functions (and the deprecated functions ASGetSourceStyles (page 143) and ASSetSourceStyles (page
144)).

The order of the style information corresponds to the order of the constants. For example, the first dictionary
in the array returned by ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19) (at position kASSourceStyleUncompiledText)
describes the style for uncompiled text. However, you should not rely on there being any specific number of
dictionaries (such as kASNNumberOfSourceStyles) in the returned array—instead, count the number of items
in the array before accessing any of them.

Declared in
AppleScript.h

type AppleScript

Define descriptor types for the AppleScript instance of the Open Scripting Architecture type.

enum {
```c

const

```

```c

 typeAppleScript = 'ascr',
 kAppleScriptSubtype = typeAppleScript,
 typeASStorage = typeAppleScript
};

Constants

kAppleScriptSubtype

Defines the Component Manager subtype for the AppleScript component.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

typeASStorage

Defines the AppleScript constant for storage descriptor records.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in AppleScript.h.

```c

typeOSAErrorRange

Defines the descriptor type for an error range.

enum {
    typeOSAErrorRange = 'erng'
};

```c

typeOSAGenericStorage

Defines the descriptor type for generic storage descriptor records.

enum {
    typeOSAGenericStorage = kOSAScriptResourceType
};

Constants

typeOSAGenericStorage

Default type given to OSStore (page 91), which creates "generic" loadable script data descriptors.
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.
Declared in OSA.h.

Declared in
OSA.h
**typeStatementRange**

```c
enum {
    typeStatementRange = 'srng'
};
```

**Weekdays**

```c
enum {
    cWeekday = pASWeekday,
    cSunday = 'sun ',
    cMonday = 'mon ',
    cTuesday = 'tue ',
    cWednesday = 'wed ',
    cThursday = 'thu ',
    cFriday = 'fri ',
    cSaturday = 'sat ',
    pASQuote = 'quot',
    pASSeconds = 'secs',
    pASMinutes = 'min ',
    pASHours = 'hour',
    pASDays = 'days',
    pASWeeks = 'week',
    cWritingCodeInfo = 'citl',
    pScriptCode = 'pscd',
    pLangCode = 'plcd',
    kAMagicTellEvent = 'tell',
    kAMagicEndTellEvent = 'tend'
};
```

**Result Codes**

The most common result codes returned by Open Scripting Architecture are listed in Table 1-1. Open Scripting Architecture may also return the result codes noErr (0), and badComponentInstance (-2147450879).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result Code</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantCoerce</td>
<td>-1700</td>
<td>A value can't be coerced to the desired type. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAMissingParameter</td>
<td>-1701</td>
<td>A parameter is missing for a function invocation. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result Code</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACorruptData</td>
<td>-1702</td>
<td>Some data could not be read. Some data could not be read. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSATypeError</td>
<td>-1703</td>
<td>Same as errAEWrongDataType; wrong descriptor type. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAMessageNotUnderstood</td>
<td>-1708</td>
<td>A message was sent to an object that didn't handle it. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAUndefinedHandler</td>
<td>-1717</td>
<td>A function to be returned doesn't exist. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAIllegalIndex</td>
<td>-1719</td>
<td>An index was out of range. Specialization of errOSACantAccess. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAIllegalRange</td>
<td>-1720</td>
<td>The specified range is illegal. Specialization of errOSACantAccess. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAParameterMismatch</td>
<td>-1721</td>
<td>The wrong number of parameters were passed to the function, or a parameter pattern cannot be matched. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAIllegalAccess</td>
<td>-1723</td>
<td>A container can not have the requested object. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantAccess</td>
<td>-1728</td>
<td>An object is not found in a container. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSARecordingIsAlreadyOn</td>
<td>-1732</td>
<td>Recording is already on. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSASystemError</td>
<td>-1750</td>
<td>Scripting component error. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAInvalidID</td>
<td>-1751</td>
<td>Invalid script id. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSABadStorageType</td>
<td>-1752</td>
<td>Script doesn't seem to belong to AppleScript. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result Code</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAScriptError</td>
<td>-1753</td>
<td>Script error. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSABadSelector</td>
<td>-1754</td>
<td>Invalid selector given. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSASourceNotAvailable</td>
<td>-1756</td>
<td>Invalid access. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSANoSuchDialect</td>
<td>-1757</td>
<td>Source not available. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSADataFormatObsolete</td>
<td>-1758</td>
<td>No such dialect. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSADataFormatTooNew</td>
<td>-1759</td>
<td>Data couldn’t be read because its format is obsolete. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACOMPONENTMismatch</td>
<td>-1761</td>
<td>Parameters are from two different components. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantOpenComponent</td>
<td>-1762</td>
<td>Can’t connect to system with that ID. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAGeneralError</td>
<td>-2700</td>
<td>No actual error code is to be returned. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSADivideByZero</td>
<td>-2701</td>
<td>An attempt to divide by zero was made. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSANumericOverflow</td>
<td>-2702</td>
<td>An integer or real value is too large to be represented. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantLaunch</td>
<td>-2703</td>
<td>An application can’t be launched, or when it is, remote and program linking is not enabled. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAAppNotHighLevelEventAware</td>
<td>-2704</td>
<td>An application can’t respond to Apple events. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result Code</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACorruptTerminology</td>
<td>-2705</td>
<td>An application's terminology resource is not readable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAStackOverflow</td>
<td>-2706</td>
<td>The runtime stack overflowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSAInternalTableOverflow</td>
<td>-2707</td>
<td>A runtime internal data structure overflowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSADataBlockTooLarge</td>
<td>-2708</td>
<td>An intrinsic limitation is exceeded for the size of a value or data structure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantGetTerminology</td>
<td>-2709</td>
<td>Can’t get the event dictionary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantCreate</td>
<td>-2710</td>
<td>Can’t make class &lt;class identifier&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSASyntaxError</td>
<td>-2740</td>
<td>A syntax error occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSASyntaxTypeError</td>
<td>-2741</td>
<td>Another form of syntax was expected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSATokenTooLong</td>
<td>-2742</td>
<td>A name or number is too long to be parsed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSADuplicateParameter</td>
<td>-2750</td>
<td>A formal parameter, local variable, or instance variable is specified more than once.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSADuplicateProperty</td>
<td>-2751</td>
<td>A formal parameter, local variable, or instance variable is specified more than once.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSADuplicateHandler</td>
<td>-2752</td>
<td>More than one handler is defined with the same name in a scope where the language doesn't allow it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAUndefinedVariable</td>
<td>-2753</td>
<td>A variable is accessed that has no value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result Code</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAInconsistentDeclarations</td>
<td>-2754</td>
<td>A variable is declared inconsistently in the same scope, such as both local and global. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAControlFlowError</td>
<td>-2755</td>
<td>An illegal control flow occurs in an application. For example, there is no catcher for the throw, or there was a non-lexical loop exit. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSAIllegalAssign</td>
<td>-10003</td>
<td>An object can never be set in a container. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>errOSACantAssign</td>
<td>-10006</td>
<td>An object cannot be set in a container. Available in OS X v10.0 and later.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Deprecated Open Scripting Architecture Functions

A function identified as deprecated has been superseded and may become unsupported in the future.

Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4

**OSADebuggerCreateSession**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSLError OSADebuggerCreateSession (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSAID inScript,  
   OSAID inContext,  
   OSADebugSessionRef *outSession  
);  

**Return Value**

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Availability**

Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

**Declared in**

OSA.h

**OSADebuggerDisposeCallFrame**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSLError OSADebuggerDisposeCallFrame (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSADebugCallFrameRef inCallFrame  
);
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

**OSADebuggerDisposeSession**

*Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

```c
OSAError OSADebuggerDisposeSession (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession  
);
```

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

**OSADebuggerGetBreakpoint**

*Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

```c
OSAError OSADebuggerGetBreakpoint (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    UInt32 inSrcOffset,  
    OSAID *outBreakpoint  
);
```

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).
Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebuggerGetCallFrameState

Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)

OSAError OSADebuggerGetCallFrameState (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSADebugCallFrameRef inCallFrame,  
   AERecord *outState  
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebuggerGetCurrentCallFrame

Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)

OSAError OSADebuggerGetCurrentCallFrame (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
   OSADebugCallFrameRef *outCallFrame  
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h
OSADebuggerGetDefaultBreakpoint

Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)

OSAError OSADebuggerGetDefaultBreakpoint (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    OSAID *outBreakpoint
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebuggerGetPreviousCallFrame

Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)

OSAError OSADebuggerGetPreviousCallFrame (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugCallFrameRef inCurrentFrame,  
    OSADebugCallFrameRef *outPrevFrame
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

OSADebuggerGetSessionState

Do not use. (Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)
OSAError OSADebuggerGetSessionState (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    AERecord *outState  
);  

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability  
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in  
OSA.h

**OSADebuggerGetStatementRanges**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSAError OSADebuggerGetStatementRanges (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    AEDescList *outStatementRangeArray  
);  

Return Value  
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability  
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in  
OSA.h

**OSADebuggerGetVariable**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSAError OSADebuggerGetVariable (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugCallFrameRef inCallFrame,  
    const AEDesc *inVariableName,
OSAID *outVariable
);

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

**OSADebuggerSessionStep**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSAError OSADebuggerSessionStep (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    OSADebugStepKind inKind
);

**Return Value**
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

**Availability**
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

**Declared in**
OSA.h

---

**OSADebuggerSetBreakpoint**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OSAError OSADebuggerSetBreakpoint (  
    ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
    OSADebugSessionRef inSession,  
    UInt32 inSrcOffset,  
    OSAID inBreakpoint
);
Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

**OSADebuggerSetVariable**

*Do not use.* *(Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.)*

OASError OSADebuggerSetVariable (   
ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,   
OSADebugCallFrameRef inCallFrame,   
const AEDesc *inVariableName,   
OSAID inVariable
);

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 through OS X v10.4.

Declared in
OSA.h

**Deprecated in OS X v10.5**

**ASGetSourceStyles**

*Gets the script format styles currently used by the AppleScript component to display scripts.* *(Deprecation in OS X v10.5. Use ASGetSourceStyleNames (page 21) instead.)*

OASError ASGetSourceStyles (   
ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,   
STHandle *resultingSourceStyles
);
Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
resultingSourceStyles
   A pointer to a handle to a style element array defined by the TextEdit data type TESStyleTable that
defines the styles used for different kinds of AppleScript terms.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion
The ASGetSourceStyles function returns a style element array that defines the styles used for AppleScript
terms. You can use the index constants described in “Source Style Constants” (page 129) to identify individual
styles returned in the resultingSourceStyles parameter. Other AppleScript dialects may define additional
styles. When you have finished using the style element array, you must dispose of it.

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Deprecated in OS X v10.5.

Declared in
AppleScript.h

ASSetSourceStyles

Sets the script format styles used by the AppleScript component to display scripts. (Deprecated in OS X v10.5. Use
ASSetSourceAttributes (page 25) instead.)

OSAError ASSetSourceStyles (  
   ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,  
   STHandle sourceStyles  
);  

Parameters
scriptingComponent
   A component instance created by a prior call to the Component Manager function
   OpenDefaultComponent or OpenComponent.
sourceStyles

A handle to a style element array defined by the TextEdit data type T-styleTable that defines the styles used for different kinds of AppleScript terms. The style for each kind of term should be identified according to the index constants listed in “Source Style Constants” (page 129).

Return Value

A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Discussion

The ASSetSourceStyles function sets the script format styles used to display scripts. If you pass a NULL handle in the sourceStyles parameter, the AppleScript component uses its default styles.

After you have set the script format styles, you must dispose of the style element array you used to specify them.

Availability

Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Deprecated in OS X v10.5.

Declared in

AppleScript.h

**OSAGetAppTerminology**

*Gets one or more scripting terminology resources from the specified file. (Deprecated in OS X v10.5. Use OSACopyScriptingDefinition (page 39) instead.)*

```
OSAError OSAGetAppTerminology (ComponentInstance scriptingComponent,
   SInt32 modeFlags,
   FSSpec *fileSpec,
   short terminologyID,
   Boolean *didLaunch,
   AEDesc *terminologyList );
```

Parameters

**scriptingComponent**

Identifies the current scripting component. See the Component Manager documentation for a description of the ComponentInstance data type.
modeFlags
Information for use by the scripting component. No mode flags are applicable for this function, so pass the value kOSAModeNull.

fileSpec
Specifies the file to search. See the File Manager documentation for a description of the FSSpec data type.

terminologyID
A dialect code obtained from a previous call to the OSAGetDialectInfo function or the OSAGetCurrentDialect function.

didLaunch
On return, has the value true if the application’s scripting size resource or plist flags indicate that it has a dynamic terminology (in which case, the application will have been launched).

terminologyList
On return, a descriptor list containing zero or more terminology resources. See Apple Event Manager Reference for a description of the AEDesc data type.

Return Value
A result code. See “Result Codes” (page 132).

Availability
Available in OS X v10.0 and later.

Deprecated in OS X v10.5.

Not available to 64-bit applications.

Declared in
ASDebugging.h
This table describes the changes to *Open Scripting Architecture Reference*.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007-05-07</td>
<td>Added documentation for new functions and other changes in Mac OS X version 10.5. The new functions are <code>ASCopySourceAttributes</code> (page 19), <code>ASSetSourceAttributes</code> (page 25), <code>OSACopyDisplayString</code> (page 38), and <code>OSACopySourceString</code> (page 40). The functions <code>ASGetSourceStyles</code> (page 143) and <code>ASSetSourceStyles</code> (page 144) are deprecated in Mac OS X version 10.5; use <code>ASCopySourceAttributes</code> (page 19) and <code>ASSetSourceAttributes</code> (page 25) instead. Removed undocumented constants that can be used with <code>CallComponentFunction</code>, such as <code>kOSASelectLoad</code> and <code>kASSelectSetSourceStyles</code>, because they have easier-to-use function equivalents, such as <code>OSALoad</code> (page 69) and <code>ASSetSourceStyles</code> (page 144) (though the latter is deprecated in Mac OS X version 10.5, in favor of <code>ASSetSourceAttributes</code> (page 25)). For the function <code>ASInit</code> (page 22) and the constants in “Default Initialization Values” (page 107) that you use with <code>ASInit</code>, noted that starting in Mac OS X version 10.5, heap size parameter values are ignored—AppleScript's heap will grow as large as needed. Removed the description for the <code>OSACopyScript</code> function because it has never been defined in a public header. Made minor changes to the Discussion sections for the functions <code>OSADoScript</code> (page 46) and <code>OSADoScriptFile</code> (page 47), including that for <code>OSADoScriptFile</code>, the Discussion now correctly refers to <code>OSAExecute</code> (page 49), rather than <code>OSAExecuteEvent</code> (page 50).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In “Source Style Constants” (page 129), noted that you should not use the constant kASNNumberOfSourceStyles to determine the number of style items used by the ASCopySourceAttributes (page 19), ASSetSourceAttributes (page 25), and ASGetSourceStyleNames (page 21) functions (and the deprecated functions ASGetSourceStyles (page 143) and ASSetSourceStyles (page 144)).

2005-07-07

Moved some functions to more appropriate groups to make them easier to find.

Provided the correct descriptions for kOSANoDispatch and kOSADontUsePhac in “Resume Dispatch Function Constants” (page 125).

2004-04-29

Updated for Mac OS X v10.4. Filled in missing error code descriptions and made minor text corrections.

Added description for function OSACopyScriptingDefinition (page 39), new in Mac OS X version 10.4 (v10.4).

Added constant kASNNumericStrings to “Considerations Flags” (page 104) and constants kASNNumericStringsConsiderMask and kASNNumericStringsIgnoreMask to “Considerations Bit Masks” (page 105); constants are new in Mac OS X v10.4.

Added more stringent warning not to use the OSA debugging functions listed in “Deprecated Functions” (page 17).

Added note to “Current Dialect Constants” (page 106) that the constants are not particularly useful because no currently available OSA languages support them.

Made minor revision to Introduction.

Deleted a duplicate entry for the error code constant errOSARecordingIsAlreadyOn. (The entry with the error number -1760 was incorrect.)

Added Version Notes sections to OSASetScriptInfo (page 87) and OSAGetScriptInfo (page 62) to clarify use of the selector parameter in Mac OS X.
Noted that the functions `ASSetProperty` (page 24) and `ASGetAppTerminology` (page 20) are obsolete and only available for backward compatibility, and that you should use `OSASetProperty` (page 84) and `OSAGetAppTerminology` (page 145) instead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2003-08-21</td>
<td>Incorporated existing OSA reference documentation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-07-31</td>
<td>Added descriptions for the following functions: <code>OSADoScriptFile</code> (page 47), <code>OSALoadExecuteFile</code> (page 71), <code>OSALoadFile</code> (page 73), <code>OSAStoreFile</code> (page 92)</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Moved OSADebugger functions to “Depreciated Functions” (page 17) and marked them as unsupported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-01-01</td>
<td>Added comments available in header file.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Updated Result Code section.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2001-07-01</td>
<td>Last version of this document.</td>
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